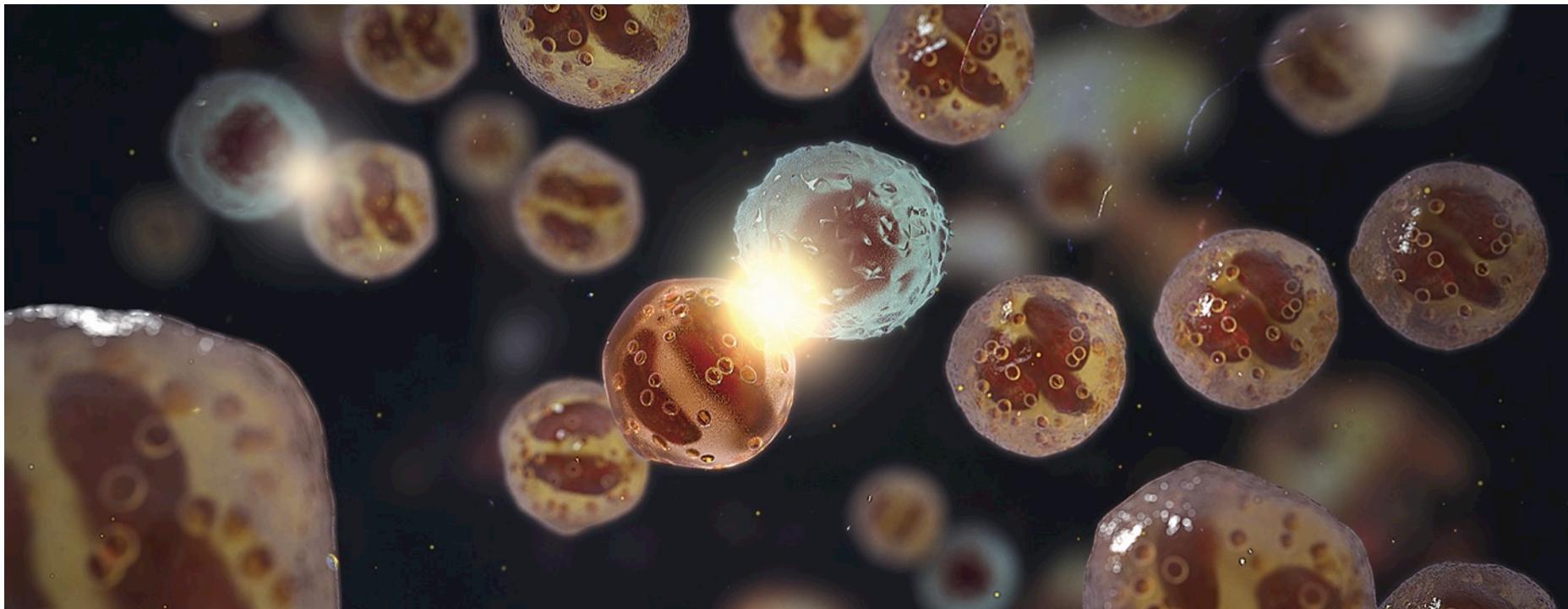


# Clinical trials appendix

## Q1 2018 Results update



The following information about AstraZeneca clinical trials in Phases I-IV has been created with selected information from <https://clinicaltrials.gov> to facilitate understanding of key aspects of ongoing clinical programmes and is correct to the best of the Company's knowledge as of 31 March 2018, unless otherwise specified.

It includes estimated timelines with regards to trial completion and first external presentations of primary data. These estimates are subject to change as programmes recruit faster or slower than anticipated and many times are event driven.

Project postings on [clinicaltrials.gov](https://clinicaltrials.gov) are updated on a continuous basis as projects progress. For the most up to date information on our clinical programmes please visit [clinicaltrials.gov](https://clinicaltrials.gov) (<https://clinicaltrials.gov>)



# List of abbreviations

<b>AE</b>	Adverse Event	<b>LCM</b>	Lifecycle Management	<b>PD</b>	Pharmacodynamics
<b>AUC</b>	Area Under Curve	<b>LPCD</b>	Last Patient Commenced Dosing	<b>Q2W</b>	Quaque (every) Two Weeks
<b>BID</b>	Bis In Die (two times a day)	<b>MAD</b>	Multiple Ascending Dose	<b>Q3W</b>	Quaque (every) Three Weeks
<b>CE</b>	Clinically Evaluable	<b>MDI</b>	Metered-Dose Inhaler	<b>Q4W</b>	Quaque (every) Four Weeks
<b>CMAX</b>	Maximum Concentration Absorbed	<b>MITT</b>	Modified Intent To Treat	<b>Q8W</b>	Quaque (every) Eight Weeks
<b>cMITT</b>	Clinical-Modified Intent To Treat	<b>mMITT</b>	Microbiological-Modified Intent To Treat	<b>QD</b>	Quaque Die (one time a day)
<b>CNS</b>	Central Nervous System	<b>MTD</b>	Maximum Tolerated Dose	<b>SAD</b>	Single Ascending Dose
<b>DLT</b>	Dose-Limiting Toxicity	<b>NME</b>	New Molecular Entity	<b>SC</b>	Subcutaneous
<b>FDC</b>	Fixed-Dose Combination	<b>OLE</b>	Open Long-term Extension	<b>TID</b>	Ter In Die (three times a day)
<b>FEV</b>	Forced-Expiratory Volume	<b>ORR</b>	Objective Response Rate	<b>TOC</b>	Test Of Cure
<b>FPCD</b>	First Patient Commenced Dosing	<b>OS</b>	Overall Survival	<b>XR</b>	Extended Release
<b>IM</b>	Intra Muscular	<b>PFS</b>	Progression-Free Survival		
<b>IR</b>	Immediate Release	<b>PK</b>	Pharmacokinetics		
<b>IV</b>	Intravenous				



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Q1 2018 Lifecycle Management (LCM) pipeline

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Cardiovascular, Renal & Metabolism (CVRM)  
Respiratory  
Other

## Late-stage pipeline

Oncology  
CVRM  
Respiratory  
Other

## Early development - IMED (AstraZeneca Research & Early Development)

Oncology  
CVRM  
Respiratory  
Other

## Early development - MedImmune

Oncology  
CVRM  
Respiratory  
Other



# Movement since Q4 2017 update

New to Phase I	New to Phase II	New to Pivotal Study	New to Registration
<p><b>NMEs</b>  <b>AZD9977</b>  MCR CV disease  <b>Calquence + AZD6738</b>  BTK inhibitor + ATR inhibitor haematological malignancies  <b>MEDI1314</b>  alpha synuclein mAb parkinson's disease  <b>MEDI7219</b>  anti-diabetic type-2 diabetes</p> <p><b>Additional indications</b>  <b>Imfinzi + danavatirsen (AZD9150) + chemotherapy</b>  PD-L1 mAb + STAT3 inhibitor + chemotherapy solid tumours</p>	<p><b>NMEs</b>  <b>Imfinzi + Lynparza BAYOU</b>  PD-L1 mAb + PARP inhibitor 1st-line unresectable stage IV bladder cancer  <b>AZD8601#</b>  VEGFA CV disease</p>	<p><b>Additional indications</b>  <b>roxadustat#</b>  HIFPH anaemia in myelodysplastic syndrome</p> <p><b>Life-cycle Management</b>  <b>Fasenra# OSTRO</b>  IL-5R mAb nasal polypsis</p>	<p><b>NMEs</b>  <b>moxetumomab# PLAIT [US]<sup>1</sup></b>  anti-CD22 recombinant immunotoxin 3rd-line hairy cell leukaemia</p> <p><b>Life-cycle Management</b>  <b>Forxiga [EU]<sup>1</sup></b>  SGLT2 inhibitor type-1 diabetes  <b>Bydureon EXSCEL [EU]<sup>1</sup></b>  GLP-1 receptor agonist type-2 diabetes outcomes trial</p>
Removed from Phase I	Removed from Phase II	Removed from Phase III	Removed from Registration
<p><b>NMEs</b>  <b>MEDI-565#</b>  CEA BITE mAb solid tumours  <b>MEDI4920<sup>3</sup></b>  anti-CD40L-Tn3 fusion protein primary Sjögren's syndrome  <b>MEDI7734<sup>3</sup></b>  IL-T7 mAb myositis  <b>MEDI9314</b>  IL-4R mAb atopic dermatitis</p>	<p><b>NMEs</b>  <b>inebilizumab<sup>#3</sup></b>  CD19 mAb neuromyelitis optica  <b>mavrilimumab<sup>#3</sup></b>  GM-CSFR mAb rheumatoid arthritis</p>	<p><b>Additional indications</b>  <b>Imfinz#+tremelimumab ARCTIC</b>  PD-L1 mAb+CTLA-4 mAb 3rd-line NSCLC</p>	<p><b>NMEs</b>  <b>Lokelma (ZS-9) [US]<sup>2</sup></b>  potassium binder hyperkalaemia</p> <p><b>Life-cycle Management</b>  <b>Imfinz# PACIFIC [US]<sup>2</sup></b>  PD-L1 mAb locally-advanced (Stage III), NSCLC  <b>Tagrisso FLAURA [US]<sup>2</sup></b>  EGFR inhibitor 1st-line advanced EGFRm NSCLC</p>

<sup>1</sup> Registrational Phase II/III study

<sup>#</sup> Partnered and/or in collaboration

<sup>1</sup> Submission Accepted <sup>2</sup> Submission Approved <sup>3</sup> Divested



# Q1 2018 New Molecular Entity (NME)<sup>1</sup> Pipeline

## Phase I

31 New Molecular Entities

### Small molecule

AZD0156  
ATM solid tumours

AZD4831  
MPO HFpEF

### Large molecule

MEDI0562#  
hOX40 solid tumours

AZD1390  
ATM healthy volunteer study

AZD9977  
MCR cardiovascular

MEDI1873  
GITR solid tumours

AZD2811#  
Aurora solid tumours

AZD1402#  
inhaled IL-4Ra asthma

MEDI3726#  
PSMA prostate

AZD4573  
CDK9 hematological malignancies

AZD5634  
inhaled ENaC cystic fibrosis

MEDI4276  
HER2 solid tumours

AZD4635  
A2aR inhibitor solid tumours

AZD7594+abediterol#  
Inhaled SGRM+LABA asthma/COPD

MEDI5083  
CD40 ligand fusion protein solid tumours

AZD4785  
KRAS solid tumours

AZD0284  
RORG psoriasis/respiratory

MEDI7247  
antibody drug conjugate haems

AZD5153  
BRD4 solid tumours

oleclumab  
CD73 solid tumours

AZD5991  
MCL1 hematological malignancies

MEDI7219  
anti-diabetic type-2 diabetes

AZD6738  
ATR solid tumours

MEDI3506  
IL-33 COPD

AZD8186  
PI3K $\beta$  solid tumours

MEDI0700#  
BAFF/B7RP1 SLE

AZD9496  
SERD ER+ breast

MEDI1341  
alpha synuclein parkinson's disease

MEDI9197#  
TLR 7/8 solid tumours

MEDI1814#  
amyloid $\beta$  alzheimer's disease

MEDI7352  
NGF/TNF osteoarthritis pain

## Phase II

21 New Molecular Entities

### Small molecule

adavosertib# (AZD1775)+chemotherapy  
Wee1+chemo ovarian cancer

### Large molecule

MEDI0382  
GLP-1/glucagon type-2 diabetes

AZD4547  
FGFR solid tumours

MEDI5884#  
cholesterol modulation cardiovascular

cavipasertib (AZD5363)#  
AKT breast cancer

MEDI6012  
LCAT cardiovascular

vistusertib  
mTOR 1/2 solid tumours

MEDI3902  
Psl/PcrV Pseudomonas pneumonia

AZD5718  
FLAP coronary artery disease

MEDI8852  
influenza A treatment

AZD8601#  
VEGF-A cardiovascular

MEDI8897#  
passive RSV prophylaxis

verinurad  
URAT-1 chronic kidney disease

prezalumab#  
primary Sjögren's syndrome

abediterol#  
LABA asthma/COPD

suvatoxumab  
 $\alpha$ -Toxin Staphylococcus pneumonia

AZD1419#  
inhaled TLR9 asthma

AZD7594  
Inhaled SGRM asthma/COPD

AZD7986#  
DPP1 COPD

AZD8871#  
MABA COPD

AZD9567  
SGRM RA/respiratory

## Phase III

8 New Molecular Entities

### Small molecule

Lynparza#+cediranib CONCERTO  
PARP+VEGF recurrent PI-R ovarian

### Large molecule

Imfinzi#+tremelimumab MYSTIC  
PD-L1+CTLA-4 1L NSCLC

savolitinib# SAVOIR  
MET pRCC

tezepelumab# NAVIGATOR SOURCE  
TSLP severe uncontrolled asthma

selumetinib ASTRA  
MEK differentiated thyroid cancer

anifrolumab# TULIP  
Type I IFN receptor SLE

## Applications Under Review

2 New Molecular Entities

### Small molecule

### Large molecule

roxadustat#  
HIFPH anaemia CKD/ESRD

<sup>1</sup> Includes significant fixed-dose combination projects, and parallel indications that are in a separate therapy area  
(See LCM chart for other parallel indications and oncology combination projects)

# Partnered and/or in collaboration; <sup>¶</sup> Registrational P2/3 study



Oncology



Cardiovascular, Renal & Metabolism



Respiratory



Other

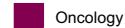


# Q1 2018 Lifecycle Management (LCM)<sup>1</sup> Pipeline

Phase I	Phase II		Phase III				Applications Under Review	
1 Projects	7 Projects		21 Projects				4 Projects	
Small molecule	Small molecule	Large molecule	Small molecule	Large molecule			Small molecule	Large molecule
adavosertib# (AZD1775) Wee1 solid tumours	Tagrisso BLOOM EGFR NSCLC CNS mets	Imfinzi# PD-L1 solid tumours	Calquence# BTK inhibitor 1st line MCL	Brilinta/Erlique THALES P2Y12 stroke	Imfinzi# PEARL (China) PD-L1 1L NSCLC		Bydureon EXSEL outcomes	
	Brilinta/Brilique HESTIA P2Y12 paediatric sickle cell	tezepelumab# TSLP atopic dermatitis	Calquence# BTK inhibitor 1st line CLL	Brilinta/Erlique THEMIS P2Y12 diabetes & CAD outcomes	Fasenra# IL-5R COPD		Faxigyo/Foxigyo type-1 diabetes	
PT010 LABA/LAMA/ICS asthma	anifrolumab# Type I IFN receptor SLE SC	Calquence# BTK inhibitor r/r CLL, high risk	Epanova STRENGTH outcomes	Fasenra# OSTRO IL-5R nasal polypsis			linaclofide# (CN only) IBS-c	
	anifrolumab# Type I IFN receptor lupus nephritis	Lymparza Olympia PARP gBRCA adjuvant breast	Faxigyo/Foxigyo SGLT2 heart failure				Nexium (CN only) stress ulcer prophylaxis	
		Lymparza POLO PARP pancreatic cancer	Faxigyo/Foxigyo SGLT2 CKD					
		Lymparza PROfound PARP prostate cancer	Faxigyo/Foxigyo DECLARE outcomes					
		Lymparza SOLO-1 PARP 1L BRCAm ovarian	roxadustat# HIFPH anaemia MDS					
		Lymparza SOLO-3 PARP BRCAm PSR ovarian	saxagliptin/dapagliflozin metformin DPP4 type-2 diabetes					
		Tagrisso ADAURA EGFR adj. EGFRm NSCLC	Symbicort SYGMA as needed in mild asthma					

<sup>1</sup> Includes significant LCM projects and parallel indications for assets in P3 or beyond. Excludes LCM projects already launched in a major market.

# Partnered and/or in collaboration; <sup>†</sup> Registrational P2/3 study



Oncology



Cardiovascular, Renal & Metabolism



Respiratory



Other



# Q1 2018 Lifecycle Management (LCM)<sup>1</sup> Pipeline

## Oncology Combinations

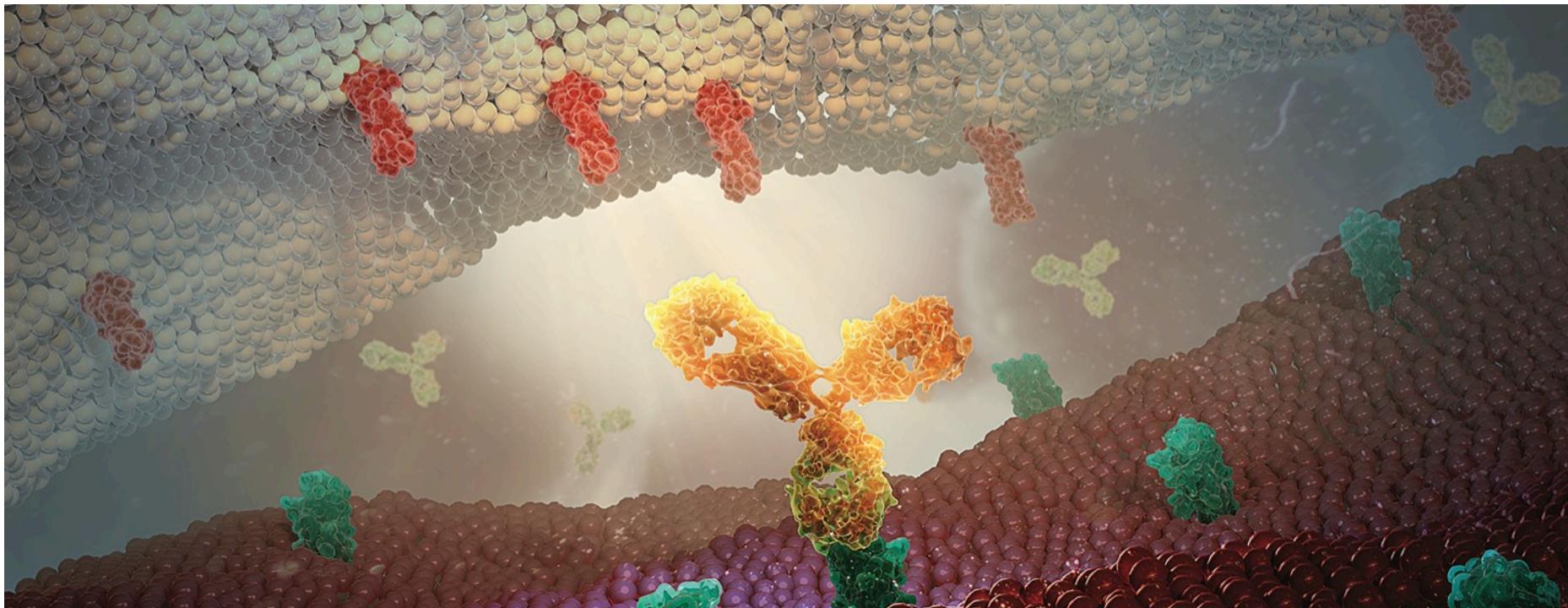
Phase I 18 Projects	Phase II 10 Projects	Phase III 7 Projects	Applications Under Review 0 Projects
<i>Calquence</i> +AZD6738 BTK+ATR hematological tumours	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+monalizumab PD-L1+NKG2a solid tumours	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+AZD5069 PD-L1+CXCR2 PDAC	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab DANUBE PD-L1+CTLA-4 1L bladder
<i>Calquence</i> +vistusertib BTK+mTor hematological tumours	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+oleclumab PD-L1+CD73 solid tumours	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+AZD5069 or <i>Imfinzi</i> #+danavirsent#(AZD9150)	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab EAGLE PD-L1+CTLA-4 2L HNSCC
<i>Imfinzi</i> # or <i>Imfinzi</i> #+(tremo or danavirsent#) PD-L1 or PD-L1+(CTLA-4 or STAT3) DLBCL	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+RT (platform) CLOVER PD-L1+RT HNSCC NSCLC SCLC	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+MEDI0457# PD-L1-DNA HPV vaccine HNSCC	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab HIMALAYA PD-L1+CTLA-4 1L HCC
<i>Imfinzi</i> #+adavosertib#(AZD1775) PD-L1+Wee1 solid tumours	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+selumetinib# PL-L1 solid tumours + MEK inhibitor	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+MEDI0680 PD-L1+PD-1 solid tumours	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab KESTREL PD-L1+CTLA-4 1L HNSCC
<i>Imfinzi</i> #+azacitidine# PD-L1+azacitidine MDS	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab PD-L1+CTLA-4 solid tumours	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab PD-L1+CTLA-4 gastric cancer	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab NEPTUNE PD-L1+CTLA-4 1L NSCLC
<i>Imfinzi</i> #+dabrafenib+trametinib PD-L1+BRAF+MEK melanoma	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab+chemo PD-L1+CTLA-4 1L PDAC oesophageal	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab PD-L1+CTLA-4 biliary tract oesophageal	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab+SoC CASPIAN PD-L1+CTLA-4+SoC 1L SCLC
<i>Imfinzi</i> #+Iressa PD-L1+EGFR NSCLC	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+danavirsent#(AZD9150)+chemo PD-L1+STAT3+chemo solid tumours	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+Lynparza BAYOU PD-L1+PARP bladder	<i>Imfinzi</i> #+tremelimumab+SoC POSEIDON PD-L1+CTLA-4+SoC 1L NSCLC
<i>Imfinzi</i> #+MEDI0562# PD-L1+hOX40 solid tumours	<i>Lynparza</i> +adavosertib# (AZD1775) PARP+Wee1 solid tumours	<i>Lynparza</i> #+ <i>Imfinzi</i> MEDIOLA PARP+PD-L1 solid tumours	
<i>Imfinzi</i> #+MEDI09197# PD-L1+TLR 7/8 agonist	tremelimumab+MEDI0562# CTLA-4+hOX40 solid tumours	<i>Lynparza</i> +AZD6738 PARP+ATR gastric	
		Tagrisso combo# TATTION EGFR+PD-L1/MEK/MET NSCLC	

<sup>1</sup> Includes significant LCM projects and parallel indications for assets in P3 or beyond. Excludes LCM projects already launched in a major market

# Partnered and/or in collaboration; <sup>a</sup>Registrational P2/3 study



## Approved medicines



# Lynparza (PARP inhibitor)

## Ovarian cancer and other cancers

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III SOLO-2</b>  NCT01874353	Platinum-sensitive recurrent (PSR) BRCAm ovarian cancer	295	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Lynparza tablets 300mg BID as maintenance therapy until progression</li> <li>Arm 2: placebo tablets BID</li> </ul> Global trial	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2016</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III SOLO-1</b>  NCT01844986	1L maintenance BRCAm ovarian cancer	391	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Lynparza tablets 300mg BID maintenance therapy for 2 years or until disease progression</li> <li>Arm 2: placebo</li> </ul> Global trial	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: H1 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III SOLO-3</b>  NCT02282020	PSR gBRCAm ovarian cancer 3L+ Line	411	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Lynparza 300mg BID to progression</li> <li>Arm 2: Physician's choice (single-agent chemotherapy)</li> </ul> Global trial	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I / II MEDIOLA</b>  NCT02734004	gBRCAm ovarian cancer 2L+ gBRCAm HER2-negative breast cancer 1-3L Small cell lung cancer (SCLC) 2L+ Gastric cancer 2L+	133	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Lynparza tablets 300mg BID starting on week 1 day 1 / Imfinzi IV 1.5g every 4 weeks starting on week 5 day 1</li> <li>Dose until progression</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoints <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disease control rate (DCR) at 12 weeks</li> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul> Secondary endpoints <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DCR at 28 weeks</li> <li>ORR, duration of response (DoR), PFS, TTD, OS</li> <li>PK</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2017</li> </ul>

PARP = Poly ADP Ribose Polymerase



# Lynparza (PARP inhibitor)

## Breast cancer and other cancers

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase III OlympiAD <a href="#">NCT02000622</a>	BRCAm metastatic breast cancer	302	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Lynparza 300mg BiD, continuous to progression</li> <li>Arm 2: Physician's choice: capecitabine 2500mg/m<sup>2</sup> x 14 q 21; vinorelbine 30mg/m<sup>2</sup> d 1, 8 q 21; eribulin 1.4mg/m<sup>2</sup> d 1, 8 q 21 to progression</li> </ul> <p>Global trial</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
Phase III OlympiA <a href="#">NCT02032823</a> Partnered	BRCAm adjuvant breast cancer	1,500	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Lynparza 300mg BiD 12 month duration</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo 12 month duration</li> </ul> <p>Global trial partnership with BIG and NCI/NRG</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: invasive disease-free survival (IDFS)</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: distant disease-free survival and OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> </ul>
Phase III POLO <a href="#">NCT02184195</a>	gBRCAm pancreatic cancer	145	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Lynparza tablets 300mg twice daily as maintenance therapy until progression</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo tablets BiD</li> </ul> <p>Global trial</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data readout: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase II <a href="#">NCT01972217</a>	Metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer	142	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Lynparza 300mg BiD + abiraterone</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo + abiraterone</li> </ul> <p>Global trial</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Radiologic PFS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
Phase III PROfound <a href="#">NCT02987543</a>	Metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer HRRm, 2L+	340	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Lynparza 300mg BID</li> <li>Arm 2: Physician's choice: enzalutamide 160mg once daily; abiraterone acetate 1000mg once daily</li> </ul> <p>Global trial</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Radiologic PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: ORR, Time to Pain Progression, OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2017</li> </ul>

PARP = Poly ADP Ribose Polymerase

HRRm = Homologous recombination repair mutation



# Tagrisso (Highly-selective, irreversible EGFRi)

## Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase III <b>AURA3</b> NCT02151981	Advanced EGFRm NSCLC tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) failure and primary resistance mutation T790M	410	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Tagrisso 80mg QD</li> <li>Arm 2: pemetrexed 500mg/m<sup>2</sup> + carboplatin AUC5 or pemetrexed 500mg/m<sup>2</sup> + cisplatin 75mg/m<sup>2</sup> (2:1 randomisation)</li> </ul> Global trial – 18 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: OS and quality of life (QoL)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2016</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
Phase III <b>FLAURA</b> NCT02296125	Advanced EGFRm NSCLC 1L	556	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Tagrisso 80mg</li> <li>Arm 2: erlotinib 150mg or Iressa 250mg (physicians choice); 1:1 randomisation</li> </ul> Global trial – 30 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: OS and QoL</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
Phase III <b>ADAURA</b> NCT02511106	Adjuvant EGFRm NSCLC	700	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Tagrisso 80mg QD following complete tumour resection, with or without chemotherapy</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo</li> </ul> Global trial – 25 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Disease Free Survival (DFS)</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: DFS Rate, OS, OS Rate, QoL</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2022</li> </ul>
Phase II <b>AURA17</b> NCT02442349	Advanced EGFRm NSCLC TKI failure and primary resistance mutation T790M	171	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tagrisso 80mg QD</li> </ul> Asia-Pacific regional trial – 3 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: ORR</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: PFS and OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2016</li> </ul>
Phase II <b>AURA2</b> NCT02094261	Advanced EGFRm NSCLC TKI failure and primary resistance mutation T790M	210	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tagrisso 80mg QD</li> </ul> Global trial - 8 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: ORR</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: PFS and DoR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2015</li> </ul>
Phase I/II <b>AURA</b> NCT01802632	Advanced EGFRm NSCLC TKI failure +/- primary resistance mutation T790M	603	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose escalation trial</li> <li>Ph II Extension cohort (T790M only) Tagrisso 80mg QD</li> </ul> Global trial – 10 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: ORR</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: PFS and OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2015 (Phase II portion)</li> </ul>



# Tagrisso (Highly-selective, irreversible EGFRi)

## Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase Ib TATTON <a href="#">NCT02143466</a>	Advanced EGFRm TKI failure	308	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: Tagrisso + Imfinzi</li> <li>• Arm 2: Tagrisso + savolitinib</li> <li>• Arm 3: Tagrisso + selumetinib</li> <li>• Enrolment to Imfinzi combination arms will not restart</li> </ul> Global trial	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety, Tolerability, Pharmacokinetics and Preliminary anti-tumour Activity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2014</li> </ul>
Phase III ASTRIS <a href="#">NCT02474355</a>	Real world setting in adult patients with advanced or metastatic, EGFR T790M+	3,515	Single-arm trial - Tagrisso 80mg Global trial – 16 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoints: OS and Safety</li> <li>• Secondary endpoint: PFS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2015</li> </ul>
Phase II ELIOS <a href="#">NCT03239340</a>	EGFR TKI treatment-naïve patients with locally-advanced or metastatic EGFRm+ NS	100	Single arm study – Tagrisso 80 mg Global trial – 5 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary Endpoint: Proportion of patients with a given tumour genetic and proteomic marker at the point of disease progression as defined by the Investigator</li> <li>• Secondary Endpoint: PFS, ORR, DoR</li> </ul>	
Phase III LAURA <a href="#">NCT03521154</a>	Maintenance therapy in patients with locally advanced, unresectable EGFRm+ Stage III whose disease has not progressed following platinum-based chemoradiation therapy	200	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: Tagrisso 80mg</li> <li>• Arm 2: placebo</li> </ul> Global trial - 11 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: PFS (via BICR)</li> <li>• Secondary endpoints: CNS PFS, OS, DoR, ORR, DCR</li> </ul>	



# Imfinzi (PD-L1 mAb)

## Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III ADJUVANT NCT02273375</b> <b>Partnered</b>	Adjuvant NSCLC patients IB ( $\geq 4\text{cm}$ ) – IIIA resected NSCLC (incl. EGFR/ALK positive)	1,100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> mg/kg IV Q4W x 12m</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo</li> </ul> Global trial	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: DFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III PACIFIC NCT02125461</b>	Unresectable NSCLC patients following platinum-based concurrent chemo-radiation therapy	702	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> IV Q2W</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PFS</li> <li>OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> <li>OS Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II/III Lung Master Protocol NCT02154490</b> <b>Partnered</b>	Stage IV squamous NSCLC patients  Biomarker-targeted 2L therapy	140 ; 100 <i>Imfinzi</i> treated	Umbrella trial with five arms based on biomarker expression <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Substudy A: <i>Imfinzi</i> (non-match for other biomarker driven substudies) IVQ2W single arm <i>Imfinzi</i> PhII only</li> <li>Substudy B: PI3K inhibitor vs docetaxel</li> <li>Substudy C: CDK4/6 inhibitor vs docetaxel</li> <li>Substudy D: AZD4547 (FGFR inhibitor) vs docetaxel</li> <li>Substudy E: C-MET/HGFR Inhibitor + erlotinib vs erlotinib (Substudy is closed)</li> </ul>	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR</li> <li>PFS</li> <li>OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2022</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I/II Sequencing Study NCT02179671</b>	Stage IIIB-IV NSCLC patients	72	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Iressa</i> initially then switch to <i>Imfinzi</i> IVQ2W</li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Tagrisso</i> then switch to <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 3: selumetinib + docetaxel then switch to <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 4: tremelimumab then switch to <i>Imfinzi</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Complete Response Rate</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: ORR, Disease Control Rate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III PEARL NCT03003962</b>	NSCLC 1L	440	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1 <i>Imfinzi</i> Q4W</li> <li>Arm 2 Chemotherapy (SoC)</li> </ul> Asia trial	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PFS</li> <li>OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III PACIFIC-2</b>	<i>Imfinzi</i> + CRT in Unresected Locally Advanced NSCLC	300	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> IV Q4W + Chemo/RT</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo + Chemo/RT</li> </ul> ex US global trial	Primary endpoint: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PFS</li> <li>ORR</li> </ul> Secondary endpoint: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2018</li> <li>Data readout: 2021</li> </ul>



# Imfinzi (PD-L1 mAb)

## Other cancers

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I NCT02301130 Partnered	Solid tumours	108	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose Escalation: N=36, three cohorts receiving Treatment A (mogamulizumab + <i>Imfinzi</i>) and three cohorts receiving Treatment B (mogamulizumab + tremelimumab), in parallel</li> <li>Dose Expansion: N=72, Multiple solid tumour types (NSCLC, HNSCC, Pancreatic), Treatment A or B (12 subjects per treatment per disease type, in parallel)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and Tolerability</li> <li>MTD</li> <li>ORR, DoR, DCR, PFS, OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul>
Phase I NCT01938612	Solid tumours (all-comers)	176	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose Escalation: 3 cohorts at Q2W and 1 cohort at Q3W</li> <li>Dose Expansion: Biliary Tract Cancer, Oesophageal Cancer and SCCNH, Q2, and Q4 schedule</li> <li>Dose Expansion of combination: Biliary Tract Cancer and Oesophageal Cancer, <i>Imfinzi</i> Q4W 20mg/kg + tremelimumab Q4W 1mg/kg</li> </ul> <p>Trial conducted in Japan</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>Optimal biologic dose</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul>



# *Imfinzi* (PD-L1 mAb) + tremelimumab (CTLA-4 mAb)

## Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) and other cancers

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase III ARCTIC NCT02352948	Stage IIIB-IV 3L NSCLC patients who have not been tested positive for EGFR/ALK mutation	480	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab (PD-L1 –ve patients)</li> <li>Arm 2: Standard of care</li> <li>Arm 3: tremelimumab (PD-L1 –ve patients)</li> <li>Arm 4: <i>Imfinzi</i> (PD-L1 –ve patients)</li> </ul>	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PFS</li> <li>OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2018</li> </ul>
Phase III MYSTIC NCT02453282	NSCLC 1L	1,118	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab</li> <li>Arm 3: Standard of care</li> </ul>	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PFS</li> <li>OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018 (OS)</li> <li>PFS primary endpoint not met</li> </ul>
Phase III NEPTUNE NCT02542293	NSCLC 1L	960	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab</li> <li>Arm 2: Standard of care</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: OS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: PFS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase III POSEIDON NCT03164616	NSCLC 1L	1,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> + CTx</li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab + chemotherapy</li> <li>Arm 3: chemotherapy</li> </ul>	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PFS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase III EAGLE NCT02369874	HNSCC 2L	736	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab</li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 3: Standard of care</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: OS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: PFS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
Phase III KESTREL NCT02551159	HNSCC 1L	823	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab</li> <li>Arm 3: Standard of care</li> </ul>	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PFS</li> <li>OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>LPCD Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
Phase III DANUBE NCT02516241	Bladder 1L cis-eligible and ineligible	1,005	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab</li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 3: Standard of care</li> </ul>	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase III CASPIAN NCT03043872	SCLC 1L	795	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab + EP (carboplatin or cisplatin + etoposide)</li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Imfinzi</i> + EP (carboplatin or cisplatin + etoposide)</li> <li>Arm 3: <i>Imfinzi</i> + EP (carboplatin or cisplatin + etoposide)</li> </ul>	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PFS</li> <li>OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>

# *Imfinzi* (PD-L1 mAb) + tremelimumab (CTLA-4 mAb)

## Other cancers

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase III STRONG <a href="#">NCT03084471</a>	Advanced Solid Malignancies	1,200	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2022</li> </ul>
Phase II <a href="#">NCT02527434</a>	Urothelial Bladder Cancer Triple-negative Breast Cancer Pancreatic Ductal-Adenocarcinoma	76	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1 tremelimumab in urothelial bladder cancer</li> <li>Arm 2 tremelimumab triple-negative breast cancer</li> <li>Arm 3 tremelimumab pancreatic ductal-adenocarcinoma</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: ORR</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>DoR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul>
Phase II BALTIC <a href="#">NCT02937818</a>	SCLC	80	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab Q4W</li> <li>Arm 2: AZD1775 and carboplatin BID</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data Anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>
Phase I Combination in Advanced Solid Tumours <a href="#">NCT02658214</a>	Solid tumours	80	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 2 SCLC: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab + carboplatin + etoposide</li> <li>Arm 3 TNBC: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab + gemcitabine + carboplatin</li> <li>Arm 4 TNBC: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab + nab-paclitaxel (paclitaxel-albumin) + carboplatin</li> <li>Arm 5 Gastric/Gastro-Oesophageal junction (GEJ): <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab + oxaliplatin + 5-fluorouracil (5FU) + leucovorin (calcium folinate/folic acid)</li> <li>Arm 6 PDAC: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab + nab-paclitaxel (paclitaxel-albumin) + gemcitabine</li> <li>Arm 7 ESSC: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab + cisplatin + 5-fluorouracil (5FU)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase III HIMALAYA <a href="#">NCT03298451</a>	Unresectable Hepatocellular Carcinoma	1,200	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab (Regimen 1)</li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab (Regimen 2)</li> <li>Arm 3: <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 4: sorafenib</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: OS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: PFS, time to tumour progression (TTP), ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>



# Calquence (BTK inhibitor)

## Blood cancers

Approved medicines

Late-stage development

Early development - IMED

Early development - Medimmune

Oncology

CVIM

Respiratory

Other

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoint(s)	Status
<b>Phase III ACE-CL-006 (ELEVATE-RR) NCT02477696</b>	Relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL), high risk	533	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: Calquence</li> <li>Arm B: ibrutinib</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: comparison of incidence of infections, RTs and atrial fibrillation, OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III ACE-CL-007 (ELEVATE-TN) NCT02475681</b>	Previously untreated CLL	535	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: chlorambucil + obinutuzumab</li> <li>Arm B: Calquence+ obinutuzumab</li> <li>Arm C: Calquence</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS (Arm A vs Arm B)</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: IRC assessed ORR, TTNT, OS (Arm A vs Arm B vs Arm C)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III ACE-CL-309 NCT02970318</b>	Relapsed/refractory CLL	306	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: Calquence</li> <li>Arm B: rituximab + idelalisib or bendamustine (investigator's choice)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: IRC assessed PFS (arm A vs Arm B)</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: INV-assessed ORR, TTNT, OS, DOR, PROs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD Q3 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III ACE-LY-308 NCT02972840</b>	Previously untreated Mantle cell lymphoma (MCL)	546	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: Calquence + bendamustine + rituximab</li> <li>Arm B: bendamustine + rituximab</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS by Lugano Classification for NHL</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: Investigator-assessed (IA) PFS, ORR; IRC-assessed ORR, DOR, time to response; OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2022</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II ACE-CL-208 NCT02717611</b>	Relapsed/ refractory CLL, intolerant to ibrutinib	60	Calquence monotherapy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR at 36 cycles</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II 15-H-0016 NCT02337829</b>	Relapsed/refractory and treatment naïve/del17p CLL/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)	48	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calquence monotherapy</li> <li>Arm A: Lymph node biopsy</li> <li>Arm B: Bone marrow biopsy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: Safety, TTP, PFS, OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II ACE-LY-004 NCT02213926</b>	Relapsed/refractory MCL	124	Calquence monotherapy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I/II ACE-CL-001 NCT02029443</b>	CLL/SLL/Richter's transformation (RT)	286	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calquence monotherapy</li> <li>Dose escalation and expansion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, PK, PD</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: ORR, DOR, and PFS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2014</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# Calquence (BTK inhibitor)

## Blood cancers

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoint(s)	Status
Phase I/II ACE-LY-001 <a href="#">NCT02328014</a>	B-Cell Malignancies	126	Dose escalation and expansion trial of the combination of Calquence and ACP-319 (Pi3K inhibitor)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
Phase I/II ACE-LY-005 <a href="#">NCT02362035</a>	Haematological Malignancies	159	Calquence + pembrolizumab	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: ORR, DOR, PFS, OS, TTNT</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2021</li> </ul>
Phase I/II ACE-WM-001 <a href="#">NCT02180724</a>	Waldenstrom Mucoglobulinaemia (WM)	106	Calquence monotherapy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data readout: 2020</li> </ul>
Phase Ib ACE-LY-002 <a href="#">NCT02112526</a>	Relapsed/refractory de novo ABC Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL)	21	Calquence monotherapy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
Phase Ib ACE-LY-106 <a href="#">NCT02717624</a>	Mantle Cell Lymphoma (MCL)	48	Calquence in combination with bendamustine and rituximab • Arm A: Treatment naïve • Arm B: Relapsed/refractory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2021</li> </ul>
Phase Ib ACE-MY-001 <a href="#">NCT02211014</a>	Relapsed/refractory Multiple Myeloma	28	• Arm A: Calquence • Arm B: Calquence + dexamethasone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
Phase I ACE-LY-003 <a href="#">NCT02180711</a>	Relapsed/refractory Follicular Lymphoma	80	• Arm A: Calquence • Arm B: Calquence + rituximab	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2022</li> </ul>
Phase I ACE-CL-002 <a href="#">NCT02157324</a>	Relapsed/refractory CLL/SLL	12	Calquence in combination with ACP-319 Dose escalation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, PK, PD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul>
Phase I ACE-CL-003 <a href="#">NCT02296918</a>	CLL/SLL/Prolymphocytic leukaemia (PLL)	45	Calquence + obinutuzumab • Arm A: Relapsed/refractory • Arm B: Treatment naïve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, ORR</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: PD, PFS, TTN, OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2022</li> </ul>

# Calquence (BTK inhibitor)

## Blood cancers

Approved medicines

Late-stage development

Early development - IMED

Early development - Medimmune

Oncology

CVRM

Respiratory

Other

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoint(s)	Status
<b>Phase I</b>  NCT03198650	Japanese Adults with Advanced B-cell Malignancies	28	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calquence monotherapy</li> <li>• Dose confirmation and expansion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2021</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I/II</b>  NCT03205046	R/R B-cell Malignancies	59	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm A: Calquence daily + vistusertib daily</li> <li>• Arm B: Calquence daily + vistusertib 5 days on and 2 days off</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify dose and schedule for vistusertib</li> <li>• Safety of coadministration of Calquence + vistusertib</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I/II</b> CL-110  NCT03328273	CLL R/R	62	Arm A: AZD 6738 monotherapy Arm B: Calquence + AZD 6738	Identify dose of AZD 6738 and safety of coadministration of Calquence + AZD 6738	FPCD: Q1 2018 Data anticipated: 2020



# Calquence (BTK inhibitor)

## Other cancers

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoint(s)	Status
Phase II ACE-ST-006 <a href="#">NCT02454179</a>	≥ 2L advanced or metastatic HNSCC	74	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: pembrolizumab</li> <li>Arm B: <i>Calquence</i> + pembrolizumab</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
Phase II ACE-ST-007 <a href="#">NCT02448303</a>	≥ 2L advanced or metastatic NSCLC	74	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: pembrolizumab</li> <li>Arm B: <i>Calquence</i> + pembrolizumab</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
Phase II ACE-ST-208 <a href="#">NCT02537444</a>	Recurrent ovarian cancer	76	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: <i>Calquence</i></li> <li>Arm B: <i>Calquence</i> + pembrolizumab</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
Phase II ACE-ST-003 <a href="#">NCT02362048</a>	≥ 2L advanced or metastatic pancreatic cancer	73	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: <i>Calquence</i></li> <li>Arm B: <i>Calquence</i> + pembrolizumab</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
Phase II ACE-ST-005 <a href="#">NCT02351739</a>	Platinum-resistant urothelial bladder cancer	75	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: pembrolizumab</li> <li>Arm B: <i>Calquence</i> + pembrolizumab</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
Phase Ib/II ACE-ST-209 <a href="#">NCT02586857</a>	≥ 2L glioblastoma multiforme	72	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: <i>Calquence</i> 200 mg BID</li> <li>Arm B: <i>Calquence</i> 400 mg QD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, ORR</li> <li>Secondary Endpoints: DOR, PFS, PFS-6, OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: H1 2018</li> </ul>



# Brilinta (ADP receptor antagonist)

## Cardiovascular risk reduction

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints (primary)	Status
<b>Phase III THEMIS</b> <b>NCT01991795</b>	Patients with type-2 diabetes and coronary artery disease without a previous history of myocardial infarction (MI) or stroke	19,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Brilinta 60mg BiD</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo BiD on a background of acetylsalicylic acid if not contra-indicated or not tolerated</li> </ul> Global trial – 42 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Composite of cardiovascular (CV) death, non-fatal MI and non-fatal stroke</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Prevention of CV death</li> <li>Prevention of MI</li> <li>Prevention of ischaemic stroke</li> <li>Prevention of all-cause death</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III THALES</b> <b>NCT03354429</b>	Patients with Acute Ischaemic Stroke or Transient Ischaemic Attack	13,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Brilinta 90mg BiD</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo BiD on a background of acetylsalicylic acid if not contra-indicated or not tolerated</li> </ul> Global trial – 28 countries	Primary endpoint: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Prevention of the composite of subsequent stroke and death at 30 days</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Prevention of subsequent ischaemic stroke at 30 days</li> <li>Reduction of overall disability at 30 days</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2018</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>



# ***Farxiga (SGLT2 inhibitor)***

## Diabetes

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III/IV DECLARE</b> <b>NCT01730534</b>	Type-2 diabetes with high risk for CV event	17,160	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: <i>Farxiga</i> 10mg QD + SoC therapy QD</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo + SoC therapy for type-2 Diabetes</li> </ul> Global trial – 33 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Time to first event included in the composite endpoint of CV death, MI or ischaemic stroke</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2013</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III NCT02096705 Partnered</b>	Asian patients with type-2 diabetes with inadequate glycaemic control on insulin	273	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: <i>Farxiga</i> 10mg QD for 24 weeks + background insulin</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo QD for 24 weeks + background insulin</li> </ul> Asia trial – three countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in Haemoglobin A1C (HbA1c) at week 24</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2014</li> <li>• LPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>• Data Readout: Q2 2016</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III DERIVE NCT02413398</b>	Patients with type-2 diabetes and moderate renal impairment	302	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: <i>Farxiga</i> 10mg QD for 24 weeks</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo 10mg QD for 24 weeks</li> </ul> Global trial – eight countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in HbA1c at week 24</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>• LPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>• Data readout: Q1 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III DEPICT 1 NCT02268214 Partnered</b>	Type-1 diabetes	833	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: <i>Farxiga</i> 5mg QD 52 weeks + insulin</li> <li>• Arm 2: <i>Farxiga</i> 10mg QD 52 weeks + insulin</li> <li>• Arm 3: Placebo QD 52 weeks + insulin</li> </ul> Global trial – 17 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Adjusted Mean Change From Baseline in HbA1c at week 24</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>• LPCD Q2 2016</li> <li>• Data readout: Q1 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III DEPICT 2 NCT02460978 Partnered</b>	Type-1 diabetes	813	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: <i>Farxiga</i> 5mg QD 52 weeks + insulin</li> <li>• Arm 2: <i>Farxiga</i> 10mg QD 52 weeks + insulin</li> <li>• Arm 3: Placebo QD 52 weeks + insulin</li> </ul> Global trial – 14 countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Adjusted Mean Change From Baseline in Haemoglobin A1C (HbA1c) at week 24</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>• LPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>• Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>



# ***Farxiga (SGLT2 inhibitor)***

## Diabetes / cardiovascular risk reduction

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III Dapa-HF</b>  NCT03036124	Patients With Chronic Heart Failure (CHF)	4,500	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Farxiga 10mg or 5 mg QD + standard of care therapy</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo + standard of care therapy</li> <li>Global trial - 20 countries</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Time to the first occurrence of any of the components of the composite: CV death or hospitalisation for heart failure (HF) or an urgent HF visit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III Dapa-CKD</b>  NCT03036150	Patients With Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD)	4,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Farxiga 10mg or 5 mg QD</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo</li> </ul> <p>Global trial - 20 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Time to the first occurrence of any of the components of the composite: ≥50% sustained decline in eGFR or reaching end stage renal disease (ESRD) or CV death or renal death</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>



# Qtern (saxagliptin/dapagliflozin) (DPP-4/SGLT2 inhibitor)

## Type-2 diabetes

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III</b> <b>NCT02284893</b>	Type-2 diabetes	420	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: saxagliptin 5mg + dapagliflozin 10mg + Met IR/XR</li> <li>Arm 2: sitagliptin 100mg + Met IR/XR</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – six countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Mean change from baseline in HbA1c at week 24</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The proportion of subjects achieving a therapeutic glycaemic response at week 24 defined as HbA1c&lt;7%</li> <li>Mean change in total body weight at week 24</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2016</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III</b> <b>NCT02419612</b>	Type-2 diabetes	440	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: saxagliptin 5mg + dapagliflozin 10mg + Met IR/XR</li> <li>Arm 2: glimeperide 1-6mg + Met IR/XR</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – 10 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Mean change from baseline in HbA1c at week 52</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mean change from baseline in total body weight at week 52</li> <li>The proportion of subjects achieving a therapeutic glycaemic response at week 52 defined as HbA1c&lt;7.0%</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III</b> <b>NCT02551874</b>	Type-2 diabetes	598	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: saxagliptin 5mg + dapagliflozin 10mg + Met IR/XR with or without SU</li> <li>Arm 2: insulin glargine + Met IR/XR with or without SU</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – 12 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Mean change from baseline in HbA1c at week 24</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mean change in total body weight at week 24</li> <li>The proportion of subjects with confirmed hypoglycaemia at week 24</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III</b> <b>NCT02681094</b>	Type-2 diabetes	900	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: saxagliptin 5mg + dapagliflozin 5mg + Met IR/XR</li> <li>Arm 2: dapagliflozin 5mg + placebo + Met IR/XR</li> <li>Arm 3: saxagliptin 5mg + placebo + Met IR/XR</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – six countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Mean change from baseline in HbA1c at week 24</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The proportion of subjects achieving a therapeutic glycaemic response at week 24 defined as HbA1c&lt;7%</li> <li>Mean change in fasting plasma glucose at 24 weeks</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>



# Bydureon (GLP-1 receptor agonist)

## Type-2 diabetes

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase IV EXSCEL</b>  NCT01144338  Partnered	Type-2 diabetes	14,742	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Bydureon once weekly 2mg SC</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo</li> </ul> <p>On a background of SoC medication, different degree of CV risk Global trial</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Time to first confirmed CV event in the primary composite CV endpoint (CV death, non-fatal MI, non-fatal stroke)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPD: Q2 2010</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2017</li> <li>Primary safety endpoint met</li> <li>Primary efficacy endpoint not met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III DURATION 7</b>  NCT02229383	Type-2 diabetes	440	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Bydureon once weekly 2mg SC + titrated basal insulin</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo + titrated basal insulin</li> </ul> <p>Double-blind 1:1 randomisation. Background therapy with or without metformin Global trial</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change in HbA1c from baseline at 28 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2016</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III DURATION 8</b>  NCT02229396	Type-2 diabetes	660	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Bydureon once weekly 2mg SC</li> <li>Arm 2: Farxiga 10mg</li> <li>Arm 3: Bydureon once weekly 2mg SC + Farxiga 10mg</li> </ul> <p>Double-blind 1:1:1 randomisation. Background therapy with metformin 1500mg/day up to 2 months prior to screening Global trial</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change in HbA1c from baseline at 28 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>LPCD: H2 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2016 – 28-week data Q1 2017 – 52-week data Q1 2018 – 104-week data</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>



# Epanova (omega-3 carboxylic acids)

## Hypertriglyceridaemia

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III STRENGTH (CVOT) NCT02104817</b>	Patients with hypertriglyceridaemia and high cardiovascular disease risk	13,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Epanova</i> 4g QD + statin</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo (corn oil) + statin</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – 22 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Composite of MACE</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III NCT02463071</b>	Japanese patients with hypertriglyceridaemia	375	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Epanova</i> 2g and 4g vs Placebo (after meal) daily for 52 weeks</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – one country</p>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety in Japanese patients</li> <li>% change in triglycerides</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III EVOLVE II NCT02009865</b>	Severe hypertriglyceridaemia	162	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Epanova</i> 2g QD</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo (olive oil)</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – seven countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change in serum triglycerides over 12 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2015</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II EFFECT I NCT02354976</b>	Overweight patients with hypertriglyceridaemia	75	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Epanova</i> 4g vs Placebo vs Fenofibrate 200mg daily for 12 weeks</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – one country</p>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduction in liver fat content (%) at the end of 12 weeks compared to placebo</li> <li>Reduction in liver fat content (%) at the end of 12 weeks compared to fenofibrate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II EFFECT II NCT02279407</b>	Type-2 diabetes Liver fat >5.5%	80	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Epanova</i> 4g QD</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo (olive oil)</li> <li>Arm 3: <i>Epanova</i> 4g + <i>Farxiga</i> 10mg QD</li> <li>Arm 4: <i>Farxiga</i> 10mg</li> </ul> <p>Local trial – one country</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoints: Reduction in liver fat content (%) at the end of 12 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I PRECISE NCT02370537</b>	Pancreatic Exocrine Insufficiency (PEI) in patients with type-2 diabetes	66	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Epanova</i> 4g single dose</li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Omacor</i> 4g single dose</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – six countries in Europe</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PEI, PK of <i>Epanova</i> and <i>Omacor</i> following a single oral dose in patients with different degrees of PEI</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2016</li> </ul>



# Lokelma (ZS-9, sodium zirconium cyclosilicate)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase II</b> <a href="#">NCT01493024</a>	Hyperkalaemia and moderate chronic kidney disease (CKD)	90	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: Escalating TID doses (0.3g, 3g and 10g) of ZS</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo TID US</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change in serum potassium levels from baseline</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2011</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2012</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2012</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III</b> <a href="#">NCT01737697</a>	Hyperkalaemia	754	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: ZS-9 1.25g TID for 48 hrs followed by QD for 12 days</li> <li>Arm 2: ZS-9 2.5g TID for 48 hrs followed by QD for 12 days</li> <li>Arm 3: ZS-9 5g TID for 48 hrs followed by QD for 12 days</li> <li>Arm 4: ZS-9 10g TID for 48 hrs followed by QD for 12 days</li> <li>Arm 5: Placebo TID for 48 hrs followed by QD for 12 days</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – three countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change in serum potassium levels from baseline</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2012</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2013</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2013</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III</b> <a href="#">NCT02088073</a>	Hyperkalaemia	258	<p>Open-label ZS-9 10g TID for 48 hrs followed by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: ZS-9 5g QD for 28 days</li> <li>Arm 2: ZS-9 10g QD for 28 days</li> <li>Arm 3: ZS-9 15g QD for 28 days</li> <li>Arm 4: Placebo QD for 28 days</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – three countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Maintenance of normokalaemia</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2014</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III Open-label Extension to Study NCT02088073</b> <a href="#">NCT02107092</a>	Participation in trial NCT02088073	123	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: ZS-9 10g QD for 11 months. Option to uptitrate to 15g QD or downtitrade to 5g QD and 5g QOD</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – three countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Maintenance of normokalaemia</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III</b> <a href="#">NCT02163499</a>	Hyperkalaemia	751	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: ZS-9 5g QD for 12 months. Option to uptitrate to 10 and 15g QD or downtitrade to 5g QOD</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – seven countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III</b> <a href="#">NCT02875834</a>	Hyperkalaemia	255	<p>Open-label ZS-9 10g TID for 48 hrs followed by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: ZS-9 5g QD for 28 days</li> <li>Arm 2: ZS-9 10g QD for 28 days</li> <li>Arm 3: Placebo QD for 28 days</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – four countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Maintenance of normokalaemia</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II/III</b> <a href="#">NCT03127644</a>	Hyperkalaemia	102	<p>Arm 1: ZS-9 5g TID for 48 hours</p> <p>Arm 2: ZS-9 10g TID for 48 hours</p> <p>Arm 3: Placebo TID for 48 hours</p> <p>Japan</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Exponential rate of change in serum potassium</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III</b> <a href="#">NCT03172702</a>	Hyperkalaemia	150	<p>Arm 1: Open-label ZS 10g TID for up to 72 hrs followed by ZS-9 5g QD for 12 months. Option to uptitrate to 10 and 15g QD or downtitrade to 5g QOD (or 2.5g QD)</p> <p>Japan</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Safety and tolerability as measured by adverse events reporting, vital signs, ECGs, physical examinations and safety laboratory measurements</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2017</li> </ul>



# Lokelma (ZS-9, sodium zirconium cyclosilicate)

## Hyperkalaemia

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03283267</b>	Healthy Subjects	22	Arm 1: Open-label ZS 5g QD for 4 days Arm 2: Open-label ZS 10g QD for 4 days  China	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Mean change from baseline to ZS treatment period in urine potassium excretion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase IIIb</b> <b>NCT03303521</b>	Patients on haemodialysis with persistent pre-dialysis hyperkalaemia	180	Arm 1: ZS 5g QD for 8 weeks on non-dialysis days. Option to uptitrate to 10 and 15g QD. Arm 2: Placebo QD for 8 weeks on non-dialysis days  Global trial – four countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Proportion of patients who maintain a pre-dialysis serum K between 4.0-5.0 mmol/L on 3 out of 4 dialysis treatments following the long interdialytic interval</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <b>NCT03337477</b>	Hyperkalaemia	132	Arm 1: ZS 10g TID for 24 hours on top off SOC (insulin and glucose) Arm 2: Placebo TID for 24 hours on top off SOC (insulin and glucose)  Global trial – four countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Mean absolute change in S-K from baseline until 4h after start of dosing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2018</li> </ul>



# Eklira/Tudorza (LAMA)

## Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase IV</b> <b>NCT02375724</b> <b>Partnered</b>	Patients with COPD	224	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Eklira/Tudorza</i> 400µg</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo to aclidinium bromide 400µg</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – five countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in overall E-RS Total score (i.e. score over the whole eight weeks study period)</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change from baseline in overall E-RS Cough and Sputum domain score</li> <li>Change from baseline in the LCQ Total score at Week 8. Average change from baseline in pre-dose FEV1</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase IV</b> <b>ASCENT</b> <b>NCT01966107</b>	Patients with moderate to very severe COPD	4,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Eklira/Tudorza</i> 400µg</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo to aclidinium bromide 400µg</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – two countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Time to first Major Adverse Cardiovascular Event (MACE). Up to 36 Months</li> <li>Rate of moderate or severe COPD exacerbations per patient per year during the first year of treatment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Secondary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rate of hospitalisations due to COPD exacerbation per patient per year during the first year of treatment</li> <li>Time to first MACE or other serious cardiovascular events of interest. Up to 36 Months</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoints met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase IV</b> <b>NCT02153489</b> <b>Partnered</b>	Patients with stable moderate and severe COPD	30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Eklira/Tudorza</i> 400µg</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo to aclidinium bromide 400µg</li> </ul> <p>Local trial – one country</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in normalised forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1). Week 3. FEV1 over the 24-hour period (AUC0-24) will be measured following morning administration</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: Adverse events. Week 5</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2015</li> </ul>

LAMA = Long Acting Muscarinic Agonist



# Eklira/Tudorza (LAMA)

## Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Number of patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I NCT03276052	Healthy Chinese Subjects	18	<p>Open-label, 2-period ascending dose incomplete block, cross-over study</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: Acidinium bromide 200 µg</li> <li>• Arm 2: Acidinium bromide 400 µg</li> <li>• Arm 3: Acidinium bromide 800 µg</li> </ul> <p>Global Study – 1 Country</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To investigate the pharmacokinetics (PK) of acidinium bromide and its metabolites after single and multiple doses (twice-daily [BID]) of acidinium bromide 200 µg, 400 µg and 800 µg</li> <li>• To evaluate the safety, and tolerability of acidinium bromide 200 µg, 400 µg and 800 µg after single and multiple dose administration (twice-daily [BID])</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: H1 2018</li> <li>• Data readout: H2 2018</li> </ul>



# Duaklir Genuair (LAMA/LABA)

## Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase IIb ACHIEVE</b>  NCT02796651	Patients with moderate COPD	120	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Duaklir Genuair</i> 400/12 µg</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo to aclidinium/formoterol FDC 400/12 µg</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – one country</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in normalised FEV1 AUC over the 12h period immediately after morning trial drug administration, AUC0-12/12h at Day 7 on treatment</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change from baseline in FEV1 AUC0-6/6h at day one and day seven on treatment</li> <li>Change from baseline in morning pre-dose FEV1 at day seven on treatment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III AMPLIFY</b>  NCT02796677	Patients with stable COPD	1,500	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Duaklir Genuair</i> 400/12 µg</li> <li>Arm 2: aclidinium bromide 400µg</li> <li>Arm 3: formoterol fumarate 12µg</li> <li>Arm 4: tiotropium 18µg</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – 13 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change from baseline in 1-hour morning post-dose dose FEV1 of <i>Duaklir Genuair</i> 400/12 µg compared to AB 400µg at week 24</li> <li>Change from baseline in morning pre-dose (trough) FEV1 of <i>Duaklir Genuair</i> 400/12 µg compared to FF 12µg at week 24</li> <li>Change from baseline in morning pre-dose (trough) FEV1 at week 24 comparing AB 400µg versus TIO 18µg</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data readout Q3 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III AVANT</b>  NCT03022097	Patients with stable COPD	1,060	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Duaklir Genuair</i> 400/12 µg</li> <li>Arm 2: aclidinium bromide 400 µg</li> <li>Arm 3: formoterol fumarate 12 µg</li> <li>Arm 4: tiotropium 18 µg</li> </ul> <p>Global Study – five countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change from baseline in 1-hour morning post-dose dose FEV1 <i>Duaklir Genuair</i> 400/12 µg compared to Aclidinium bromide at Week 24</li> <li>Change from baseline in morning pre-dose (trough) FEV1 of <i>Duaklir Genuair</i> 400/12 µg compared to Formoterol fumarate at Week 24</li> <li>Change from baseline in trough FEV1 of Aclidinium bromide 400 µg compared to placebo at Week 24</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>

LAMA = Long Acting Muscarinic Agonist  
LABA = Long Acting Beta Agonist



# Duaklir Genuair (LAMA/LABA)

## Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase IIa NCT03276078	Chinese patients with stable moderate to severe COPD	20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Single and multiple twice daily doses of inhaled aclidinium bromide/formoterol fumarate 400/12</li> </ul> <p>Global Study – One country</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To evaluate the pharmacokinetics (PK) of aclidinium bromide, its metabolites LAS34850 and LAS34823 and formoterol after administration of aclidinium bromide/formoterol 400/12 µg twice-daily (BID) for five days</li> <li>To evaluate the safety and tolerability of aclidinium bromide/formoterol 400/12 µg twice-daily (BID) administered for 5 days</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>

LAMA = Long Acting Muscarinic Agonist

LABA = Long Acting Beta Agonist



# Bevespi Aerosphere (LAMA/LABA)

## Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase III <b>PINNACLE 1</b>  NCT01854645	Moderate to very severe COPD	2,103	Treatment (24-week Treatment Period) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: GFF MDI (<i>Bevespi Aerosphere</i>) 14.4/9.6µg BID</li> <li>Arm 2: GP MDI (PT001) 14.4µg BID</li> <li>Arm 3: FF MDI (PT005) 9.6µg BID</li> <li>Arm 4: Open-label tiotropium bromide inhalation powder 18µg QD</li> <li>Arm 5: Placebo MDI BID</li> </ul> Multicentre, randomised, double-blind, parallel-group, chronic dosing, placebo- and active- controlled US, Australia, New Zealand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in morning pre-dose trough FEV1</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2015</li> </ul>
Phase III <b>PINNACLE 2</b>  NCT01854658	Moderate to very severe COPD	1,615	Treatment (24-week Treatment Period) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: GFF MDI (<i>Bevespi Aerosphere</i>) 14.4/9.6µg BID</li> <li>Arm 2: GP MDI (PT001) 14.4µg BID</li> <li>Arm 3: FF MDI (PT005) 9.6µg BID</li> <li>Arm 4: Placebo MDI BID</li> </ul> Multicentre, randomised, double-blind, parallel group, chronic dosing and placebo-controlled US	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in morning pre-dose trough FEV1</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2015</li> </ul>
Phase III <b>PINNACLE 3</b>  NCT01970878	Moderate to very severe COPD	893	Treatment (28-week Treatment Period) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: GFF MDI (<i>Bevespi Aerosphere</i>) 14.4/9.6µg BID</li> <li>Arm 2: GP MDI (PT001) 14.4µg BID</li> <li>Arm 3: FF MDI (PT005) 9.6µg BID</li> <li>Arm 4: Open-label tiotropium bromide inhalation powder QD</li> </ul> Multi-centre, randomised, double-blind, parallel-group and active-controlled US, Australia, New Zealand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in morning pre-dose trough FEV1</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2015</li> </ul>

LAMA = Long Acting Muscarinic Agonist

LABA = Long Acting Beta Agonist

GFF = Glycopyrronium and formoterol



# Bevespi Aerosphere (LAMA/LABA)

## Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design (G = glycopyrronium, F = formoterol fumarate)	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III PINNACLE 4</b> <b>NCT02343458</b>	Moderate to very severe COPD	1,614	Treatments (24-week Treatment Period) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GFF MDI (Bevespi Aerosphere) 14.4/9.6µg (N=514)</li> <li>GP 14.4µg (N=440)</li> <li>FF 9.6µg (N=440)</li> <li>Placebo (N=220)</li> <li>US/China: Trough FEV1 at week 24 of treatment</li> <li>EU/Hybrid: Co-primary = Trough FEV<sub>1</sub> over week 24 of treatment and TDI score over 24 weeks</li> </ul> Randomised, Double-Blind, Chronic-Dosing , Placebo-Controlled, Parallel-Group and Multi-Centre US, UK, Germany, Costa Rica, Hungary, Poland, Russia, South Korea, Taiwan, China, Japan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: change from baseline in morning pre-dose trough FEV1 of treatment [Time Frame: At Week 24] Assessed at week 24 for US/China and over weeks 12-24 for Japan, and over 24 weeks for EU/South Korea/Taiwan</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: TDI score (co-primary endpoint for EU and Hybrid) [Time Frame: Over 24 weeks]</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase IIIb AERISTO</b> <b>NCT03162055</b>	Moderate to very severe COPD	1,000	Treatments (24-week Treatment Period) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GFF MDI (Bevespi Aerosphere) 14.4/9.6µg</li> <li>Umeclidinium/vilanterol DPI 62.5/55µg</li> </ul> Randomised, Double-Blind, Double-Dummy, Multicentre, Parallel Group US, Canada, Bulgaria, France, Hungary, Russia, Ukraine	Co-primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change from baseline in morning pre-dose trough FEV1 over 24 weeks</li> <li>Peak change from baseline in FEV1 within 2 hours post-dosing over 24 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2017</li> </ul>

LAMA = Long Acting Muscarinic Agonist

LABA = Long Acting Beta Agonist

GFF = Glycopyrronium and formoterol



# Daliresp/Daxas (oral PDE4 inhibitor)

## Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase IV RESPOND</b> <b>NCT01443845</b>	COPD	2,354	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>52W, randomised, DB with <i>Daliresp</i> 500µg OD vs placebo, in COPD on top of ICS/LABA</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Rate of moderate or severe COPD exacerbations per subject per year</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2011</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase IV OPTIMIZE</b> <b>NCT02165826</b>	COPD	1,323	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>12W, randomised, DB to evaluate tolerability and PK of <i>Daliresp</i> 500µg OD with an up-titration regimen during the first 4Ws, including an open label down-titration evaluating tolerability and PK of 250µg <i>Daliresp</i> OD in subjects not tolerating 500µg OD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Percentage of participants prematurely discontinuing trial treatment for any reason during the main period</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase IIIb ROBERT</b> <b>NCT01509677</b>	COPD	158	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>16W, randomised, placebo-controlled, DB, parallel-group trial to assess the anti-inflammatory effects of <i>Daliresp</i> in COPD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Number of inflammatory cells CD8+ in bronchial biopsy tissue specimen (sub-mucosa) measured at randomisation and at the end of the intervention period</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2012</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Post Launch PASS</b> <b>NCT03381573</b>	COPD	124080	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This is a retrospective cohort study comparing COPD patients aged 40 years and older with new exposure to <b>roflumilast</b> with up to 5 unexposed (ie, not <b>roflumilast</b>-exposed) COPD controls matched by propensity score (PS), age, sex, and year of cohort entry. The study is using electronic healthcare databases in the US (Military Health System database), Germany (GER) (German Pharmacoepidemiological Research Database), and Sweden (SWE) (national databases including healthcare, death, and demographics data).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: All-cause mortality (up to 5 years)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data readout: 2020</li> </ul>

ICS = Inhaled corticosteroids

LABA = Long Acting Beta Agonist



# Fasenra (IL-5R mAb)

## Severe, uncontrolled asthma

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III CALIMA</b> NCT01914757	Severe, uncontrolled asthma, despite background controller medication, medium dose (MD) & high dose (HD) ICS + LABA ± chronic OCS Age 12-75 years	1,026 HD + ~200 MD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q8w SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: 30mg Q4w SC</li> <li>• Arm 3: Placebo SC</li> </ul> <p>56-week trial Global trial – 11 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Annual asthma exacerbation rate</li> <li>• Secondary endpoints: Assess pulmonary function, asthma symptoms, other asthma control metrics, ER/ED hospitalisation visits, PK, and IM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2013</li> <li>• Data readout: Q2 2016</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III SIROCCO</b> NCT01928771	Severe, uncontrolled asthma, despite background controller medication HD ICS + LABA ± chronic OCS Age 12-75 years	1,134	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q8w SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: 30mg Q4w SC</li> <li>• Arm 3: Placebo SC</li> </ul> <p>48-week trial Global trial – 17 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Annual asthma exacerbation rate</li> <li>• Secondary endpoints: Assess pulmonary function, asthma symptoms, other asthma control metrics, ER/ED hospitalisation visits, PK, and IM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2013</li> <li>• Data readout: Q2 2016</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III ZONDA</b> NCT02075255	Severe, uncontrolled asthma on HD ICS plus long-acting $\beta$ 2 agonist and chronic oral corticosteroid therapy Age 18-75 years	210	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q8w SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: 30mg Q4w SC</li> <li>• Arm 3: Placebo SC</li> </ul> <p>46-week trial Global trial – 12 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Reduction of oral corticosteroid dose</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>• Data readout: Q3 2016</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III MELTEMI</b> NCT02808819	A multi-centre, open-label, safety extension trial with benralizumab for asthmatic adults on ICS plus LABA2 Agonist Age 18-75 years	770	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q4W SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: 30mg Q8W SC</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III ALIZE</b> NCT02814643	A multi-centre, randomised, double-blind, parallel group, placebo-controlled, Phase IIb trial to evaluate the potential effect of benralizumab on the humoral immune response to the seasonal influenza vaccination in adolescent and young adult patients with severe asthma Ages 12-21 years	100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm1 30mg Q4W SC with one dose of seasonal influenza virus vaccine Intramuscular (IM) at week eight</li> <li>• Arm1 Placebo Q4W SC with one dose of seasonal influenza virus vaccine IM at week</li> </ul>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Post-dose strain-specific haemagglutination-inhibition (HAI) antibody geometric mean fold rises (GMFRs)</li> <li>• Post-dose strain-specific serum HAI antibody geometric mean titers (GMTs)</li> <li>• Proportion of patients who experience a strain-specific post-dose antibody response with antibody response defined as a <math>\geq 4</math>-fold rise in HAI antibody titer</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>• Data readout: Q3 2017</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>

ICS = Inhaled corticosteroids

LABA = Long Acting Beta Agonist



# Fasenra (IL-5R mAb)

## Severe, uncontrolled asthma

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase III BISE <a href="#">NCT02322775</a>	Asthmatic with FEV <sup>1</sup> (50-90% predicted) on low to medium dose inhaled corticosteroid Age 18-75 years	200	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q4W SC</li> <li>• Arm 3: Placebo SC</li> </ul> <p>12-week trial Global trial – six countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Pulmonary function (FEV<sup>1</sup>)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>• Data readout: Q1 2016</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
Phase III BORA <a href="#">NCT02258542</a>	Severe asthma, inadequately controlled despite background controller medication, MD & HD ICS + LABA ± chronic OCS Age 12-75 years	2,550	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q4W SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: 30mg Q8W SC*</li> </ul> <p>Placebo administered at select interim visits to maintain blind between treatment arms</p> <p>56-week (adults) 108-week (adolescents) Global trial</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
Phase III GREGALE <a href="#">NCT02417961</a>	Severe asthma, inadequately controlled despite background controller medication, MD & HD ICS + LABA ± chronic OCS Age 18-75 years	120	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q4W SC</li> </ul> <p>28-week (adults) Global trial – two countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Functionality, reliability, and performance of a pre-filled syringe with benralizumab administered at home</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>• Data readout: Q2 2016</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
Phase III ARIA <a href="#">NCT02821416</a>	A double-blind, randomised, parallel group, placebo-controlled multi-centre trial to evaluate the effect of benralizumab on allergen-induced inflammation in Mild, atopic asthmatic Age 18-65 years	38	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1 : 30mg Q4W SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo SC</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD Q4 2016</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>

ICS = Inhaled corticosteroids

LABA = Long Acting Beta Agonist



# Fasenra (IL-5R mAb)

## Severe, uncontrolled asthma

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III SOLANA</b> <a href="#">NCT02869438</a>	Severe asthma Age 18-75 years	230	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q4W SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo SC</li> </ul> 16-week trial Global trial – six countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Onset and maintenance of effect on lung function</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III GRECO</b> <a href="#">NCT02918071</a>	Severe asthma Age 18-75 years	120	Open label 30mg Q4w 28-week trial Global trial - two countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: % of patients/caregivers who successfully self administer at home</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>• Data readout: Q4 2017</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase IIb ANDHI</b> <a href="#">NCT03170271</a>	A Multicenter, Randomised, Double-blind, Parallel Group, Placebo Controlled, Phase 3b Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of Benralizumab 30 mg sc in Patients With Severe Asthma Uncontrolled on Standard of Care Treatment. Age 18-75	800	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q8W SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: placebo SC</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary Endpoint: rate of asthma exacerbations</li> <li>• Secondary Outcome Measures: Saint George Respiratory Questionnaire (SGRQ)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>• Data anticipated 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I AMES</b> <a href="#">NCT02968914</a>	Healthy Volunteer Age 18-55 years	162	Open label study to compare 30 mg benralizumab PK administered by APFS or AI device 8-week study Global trial – two countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: PK Comparability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>• Data readout: Q3 2017</li> </ul>

ICS = Inhaled corticosteroids

LABA = Long Acting Beta Agonist



# Fasenra (IL-5R mAb)

## Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III TERRANOVA</b> <b>NCT02155660</b>	Moderate to very severe COPD with exacerbation history	2,168	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: 10mg Q8W SC</li> <li>Arm 2: 30mg Q4W SC</li> <li>Arm 3: 100mg Q8W SC</li> <li>Arm 4: Placebo SC</li> </ul> <p>48-week trial Global trial – 23 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Rate of COPD exacerbation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data anticipated: Q2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III GALATHEA</b> <b>NCT02138916</b>	Moderate to very severe COPD with exacerbation history	1,626	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: 30mg Q4W SC</li> <li>Arm 2: 100mg Q8W SC</li> <li>Arm 3: Placebo SC</li> </ul> <p>48-week trial Global trial – 17 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Rate of COPD exacerbation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2018</li> <li>Primary endpoint not met</li> </ul>



# Fasenra (IL-5R mAb)

## Nasal Polyposis

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase III OSTRO <a href="#">NCT03401229</a>	Patients with severe bilateral nasal polyposis who are still symptomatic despite standard of care therapy	400	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg Q8W SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo SC</li> </ul> <p>56-week trial Global trial- 8 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Effect of <i>Fasenra</i> on nasal polyp burden and on patient reported nasal blockage</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2018</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>



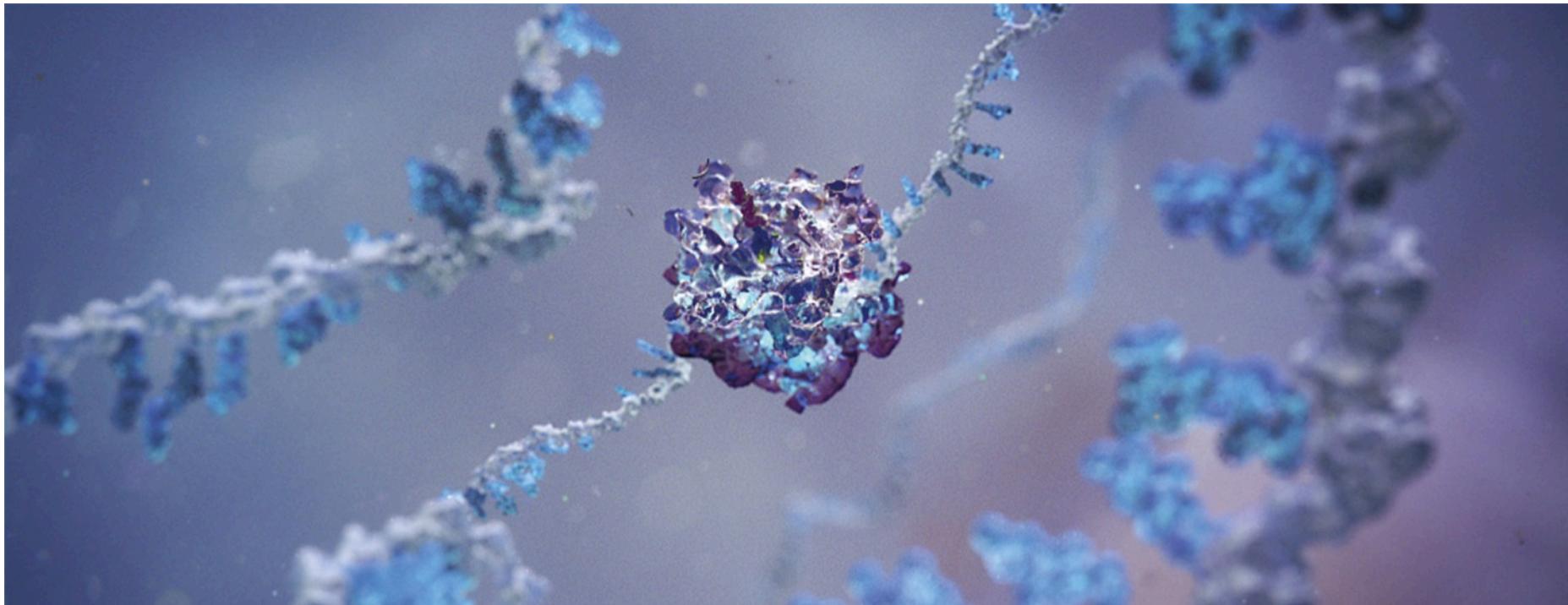
# Calquence (BTK inhibitor)

## Rheumatoid arthritis

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoint(s)	Status
Phase II ACE-RA-001 <a href="#">NCT02387762</a>	Rheumatoid Arthritis	31	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: Calquence + methotrexate</li> <li>Arm B: methotrexate</li> </ul>	Disease Activity Score 28-CRP at week 4	FPCD: Q2 2015 LPCD: Q2 2016 Data readout: Q2 2016



## Late-stage pipeline



# Moxetumomab pasudotox (CD22 mAb)

## Blood cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III PLAIT</b> <a href="#">NCT01829711</a>	Adults with relapsed or refractory hairy cell leukaemia (HCL)	77	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Multicentre, single-arm, open-label Phase III trial</li> <li>Moxetumomab pasudotox IV at the recommended dose</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Rate of durable CR: CR maintained for &gt; 180 days</li> <li>Efficacy: CR rate, ORR, Duration of CR and ORR, time to response (TTR), PFS</li> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>PK and immunogenicity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2013</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT00586924</a>	Adults with relapsed refractory HCL	49	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open-label dose escalation Phase I trial</li> <li>Moxetumomab pasudotox IV</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maximum tolerated dose (MTD) and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2007</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2015</li> </ul>



# Selumetinib (MEK inhibitor)

## Thyroid cancer and other cancers

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III ASTRA <a href="#">NCT01843062</a></b>	Differentiated thyroid cancer	304	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: selumetinib 75mg BiD 5 weeks duration + radioactive iodine (RAI) 100mCi<sup>a</sup></li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo BiD 5 weeks duration + RAI 100mCi<sup>a</sup></li> </ul> <p>Global trial – eight countries</p> <p><sup>a</sup> Single dose of 100mCi <sup>131</sup>I administered following 4 weeks of selumetinib (or placebo)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Complete remission (CR) rate at 18 months post-radioactive iodine</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2013</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II SPRINT <a href="#">NCT01362803</a> Partnered</b>	Paediatric neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF-1)	50	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Single Arm: selumetinib 25mg/m<sup>2</sup> BID with 2 strata:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stratum 1: PN related morbidity present at enrolment</li> <li>Stratum 2: No PN related morbidity present at enrolment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Complete partial and complete response rate measured by volumetric MRI;</li> <li>Duration of response and functional outcomes/QoL</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2016</li> </ul>



# Savolitinib (MET inhibitor)

## Papillary renal cell and other cancers

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III</b> <b>NCT03091192</b> <b>Partnered</b>	MET-Driven, Papillary renal cell cancer	180	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: savolitinib 600mg QD</li> <li>Arm 2: sunitinib 50mg QD (4 weeks on / 2 weeks off)</li> </ul> Global trial	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoints include ORR, DoR and OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2021</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT01985555</b> <b>Partnered</b>	Advanced cancer (all comers)	~70	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose escalation trial</li> </ul> Conducted in China	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2013</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02374645</b>	NSCLC	64	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose escalation trial</li> </ul> Conducted in China	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <b>NCT02897479</b> <b>Partnered</b>	Lung Pulmonary Sarcomatoid Carcinoma (PSC)	45	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Single arm trial: savolitinib 600mg QD</li> </ul> Conducted in China	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# Cediranib (VEGF receptor inhibitor)

## Ovarian cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase IIb CONCERTO	Platinum resistant recurrent (PRR) ovarian cancer - heavily pre-treated BRCAwt	100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cediranib 30 mg + Lynparza 200 mg bd</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ORR DoR, DCR, QoL, OS; Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> </ul>

VEGF - Vascular endothelial growth factor



# Roxadustat (HIF-PHI inhibitor)

## Anaemia

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III ANDES</b> <b>NCT01750190</b> Partnered	Anaemia in CKD patients not receiving dialysis	900	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: placebo</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoint: Haemoglobin response	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2012</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul> Sponsored by FibroGen
<b>Phase III ALPS</b> <b>NCT01887600</b> Partnered		597	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoint: Haemoglobin response	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2013</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul> Sponsored by Astellas
<b>Phase III DOLOMITES</b> <b>NCT02021318</b> Partnered		570	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: darbepoetin alfa</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoint: Haemoglobin response	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2014</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul> Sponsored by Astellas
<b>Phase III OLYMPUS</b> <b>NCT02174627</b>		2,700	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoint: MACE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul> Sponsored by AstraZeneca
<b>Phase III ROCKIES</b> <b>NCT02174731</b>	Anaemia in CKD in patients receiving dialysis	2,100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: epoetin alfa</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoint: MACE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul> Sponsored by AstraZeneca
<b>Phase III SIERRAS</b> <b>NCT02273726</b> Partnered		820	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: epoetin alfa</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoint: Haemoglobin response	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul> Sponsored by FibroGen
<b>Phase III PYRENEES</b> <b>NCT02278341</b> Partneredee-1		838	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: erythropoiesis stimulating agent</li> <li>• Arm 3: darbepoetin alfa</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoint: Haemoglobin response	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul> Sponsored by Astellas

HIF-PHI = Hypoxia-Inducible Factor Prolyl Hydroxylase Inhibitor



# Roxadustat (HIF-PHI inhibitor)

## Anaemia

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III HIMALAYAS</b> NCT02052310 Partnered	Anaemia in newly initiated dialysis patients	750	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: epoetin alfa</li> </ul> Global trial	Primary endpoint: Haemoglobin response	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2013</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul> Sponsored by FibroGen
<b>Phase III</b> NCT02652819 Partnered	Anaemia in CKD patients not receiving dialysis	150	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: placebo</li> </ul> China trial	Primary endpoint: Haemoglobin response	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>• LPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>• Data readout: Q2 2017</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul> Sponsored by FibroGen
<b>Phase III</b> NCT02652806 Partnered	Anaemia in CKD patients receiving dialysis	300	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: roxadustat</li> <li>• Arm 2: epoetin alfa</li> </ul> China trial	Primary endpoint: Haemoglobin response	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>• LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>• Data readout: Q2 2017</li> <li>• Primary endpoint met</li> </ul> Sponsored by FibroGen
<b>Phase III</b> NCT03263091 Partnered	Anemia in lower risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS) patients	184	Open label roxadustat lead-in Arm 1: roxadustat Arm 2: placebo  US/global trial	Primary endpoint: Proportion of patients achieving transfusion independence	FPCD: Q1 2018 Sponsored by FibroGen
<b>Phase II/III</b> NCT03303066 Partnered	Anemia in lower risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS) patients	175	Open label roxadustat lead-in Arm 1: roxadustat Arm 2: placebo  China	Primary endpoint: Haemoglobin response	Sponsored by FibroGen

HIF-PHI = Hypoxia-Inducible Factor Prolyl Hydroxylase Inhibitor



Oncology

CVRM

Respiratory

Other



# PT010 (LAMA/LABA/ICS)

## Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase III  NCT02536508	Moderate to very severe COPD	500	Treatments (52-week Treatment Period) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BGF MDI 320/14.4/9.6µg</li> <li>GFF MDI 14.4/9.6µg</li> <li>BFF MDI 320/9.6µg</li> </ul> Randomised, double-blind, chronic-dosing, multi-centre  Country – US	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Bone Mineral Density sub-study Endpoint. Change from baseline in BMD of the lumbar spine measured using DXA scans of L1-L4 at week 52</li> <li>Ocular Sub-study Safety Endpoint Change from baseline in LOCS III at week 52.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2018</li> </ul>
Phase III  ETHOS  NCT02465567	Moderate to very severe COPD	8,000 (possible increase by 4,000 after blinded sample size re-assessment)	Treatments (1-year Treatment Period) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BGF MDI 320/14.4/9.6µg BID</li> <li>BGF MDI 160/14.4/9.6µg BID</li> <li>BFF MDI 320/9.6µg BID</li> <li>GFF MDI 14.4/9.6µg BID</li> </ul> Randomised, double-blind, multi-centre and parallel-group  Multi-country	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Rate of moderate or severe COPD exacerbations</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: Time to first moderate or severe COPD exacerbation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> </ul>
Phase III  KRONOS  NCT02497001	Moderate to very severe COPD	1,800	Treatments (24-week Treatment Period) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BGF MDI 320/14.4/9.6µg</li> <li>GFF MDI 14.4/9.6µg</li> <li>BFF MDI 320/9.6µg</li> <li>Symbicort Turbuhaler 400/12µg</li> </ul> Randomised, double-blind, parallel-group, and chronic dosing and multi-centre  Multi-country	Primary Endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FEV<sub>1</sub> area under curve from 0 to 4 hours (AUC0-4) over 24 weeks (BGF MDI vs BFF MDI and BGF MDI vs Symbicort Turbuhaler)</li> <li>Change from baseline in morning pre-dose trough FEV<sub>1</sub> over 24 weeks (BGF MDI vs GFF MDI)</li> <li>Transition dyspnoea index (TDI) focal score over 24 weeks (BGF MDI vs BFF MDI and BGF MDI vs GFF MDI)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2018</li> <li>8/9 Primary endpoints met</li> </ul>
Phase III  NCT03262012	Moderate to very severe COPD	324	Treatments (28-week Treatment Period) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BGF MDI 320/14.4/9.6µg</li> <li>GFF MDI 14.4/9.6µg</li> <li>BFF MDI 320/9.6µg</li> <li>Symbicort Turbuhaler 400/12µg</li> </ul> Randomised, double-blind, parallel-group, chronic dosing, multicenter  Country: Japan	Primary outcome measures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Long-term safety and tolerability (52 weeks): adverse events, 12-lead ECG, laboratory tests, vital signs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD Q3 2016</li> <li>LPCD Q4 2017</li> </ul>



# Tezepelumab (TSLP mAb)

## Severe, uncontrolled asthma

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III NAVIGATOR</b>  NCT03347279  Partnered	Severe asthma Age 12-80 years	1,060	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: tezepelumab SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo SC</li> </ul> <p>52 week trial Global trial – 18 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Annual asthma exacerbation rate</li> <li>• Secondary endpoints: Change from baseline in pre-BD FEV1, asthma related QoL (AQLQ(S)+12), asthma control (ACQ-6)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2018</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III SOURCE</b>  NCT03406078  Partnered	Severe asthma Age 12-80 years	140	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: tezepelumab SC</li> <li>• Arm 2: Placebo SC</li> </ul> <p>48 week trial Global trial – 7 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Reduction from baseline in daily OCS dose while not losing asthma control</li> <li>• Secondary endpoint: Annual asthma exacerbation rate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2018</li> </ul>

TSLP = thymic stromal lymphopoietin



# Anifrolumab (type I IFN receptor mAb)

## Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) / Lupus nephritis (LN)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III</b> <a href="#">NCT02446912</a>	Moderate to severe SLE TULIP SLE 1	450	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: 300mg IV anifrolumab Q4W for 48 weeks</li> <li>Arm 2: 150mg IV anifrolumab Q4W for 48 weeks</li> <li>Arm 3: Placebo IV Q4W for 48 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Response in SLE responder index at week 52</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III</b> <a href="#">NCT02446899</a>	Moderate to severe SLE TULIP SLE 2	360	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: 300mg IV anifrolumab Q4W for 48 weeks</li> <li>Arm 2: Placebo IV Q4W for 48 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Response in SLE responder index at week 52</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <a href="#">NCT01438489</a>	Moderate to severe SLE patients	307	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: 300mg IV anifrolumab Q4W for 48 weeks</li> <li>Arm 2: 1000mg IV anifrolumab Q4W for 48 weeks</li> <li>Arm 3: Placebo IV Q4W for 48 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Response in SLE responder index at 6 months</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2012</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2014</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <a href="#">NCT01753193</a>	Moderate to severe SLE patients	218	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: anifrolumab, IV Q4W for 104 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Open-label extension to evaluate long-term safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2013</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <a href="#">NCT01559090</a>	Japanese SLE patients	17	Open-label, dose escalation trial: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: 100mg IV Q4W for 48 weeks then 300mg IV Q4W for 104 weeks</li> <li>Arm 2: 300mg IV Q4W for 48 weeks then 300mg IV Q4W for 104 weeks</li> <li>Arm 3: 1000mg IV Q4W for 48 weeks then 1000mg IV Q4W for 104 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK/PD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2012</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT02601625</a>	Healthy subjects	30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: 300mg SC single dose</li> <li>Arm 2: 300mg IV single dose</li> <li>Arm 3: 600 mg SC single dose</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK/PD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>LPCD: H1 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <a href="#">NCT02962960</a>	Moderate to severe SLE patients	32	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: 150mg SC every other week</li> <li>Arm 2: 300mg SC every other week</li> <li>Arm 3: Placebo SC every other week</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PK/PD, Safety, tolerability, Primary analysis at week 12, Secondary analysis at week 52</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <a href="#">NCT02547922</a>	Active Proliferative LN (TULIP-LN1)	150	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: 900 mg IV Q4W for 12 weeks then 300mg IV anifrolumab Q4W for 36 weeks</li> <li>Arm 2: 300 mg IV anifrolumab Q4W for 48 weeks</li> <li>Arm 3: Placebo IV Q4W for 48 weeks</li> </ul>	Response in proteinuria at week 52	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



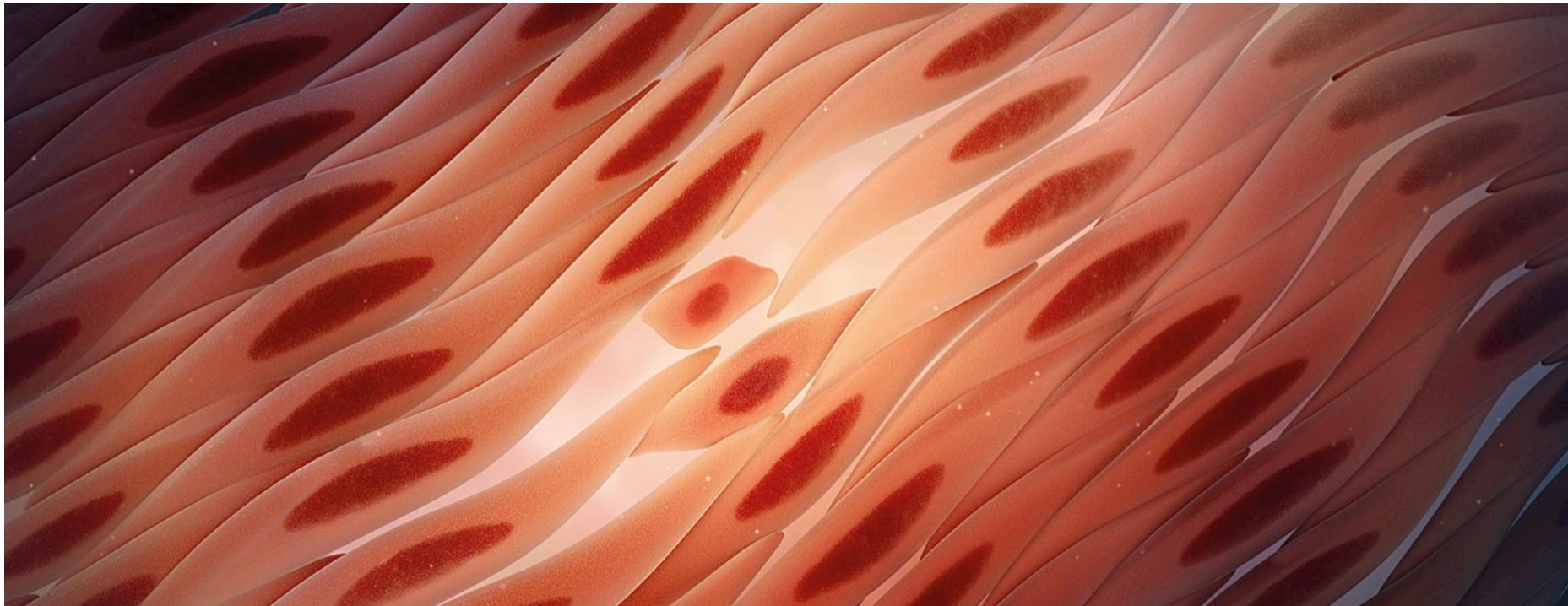
# Lanabecestat (BACE inhibitor)

## Alzheimer's disease

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase III AMARANTH</b>  NCT02245737	Early Alzheimer's disease patients	2,218	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: lanabecestat 20mg once daily</li> <li>• Arm 2: lanabecestat 50mg once daily</li> <li>• Arm 3: Placebo once daily</li> </ul> <p>24-month treatment duration Global trial – 14 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Changes in cognitive (ADAS-Cog 13) scale</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Changes in other cognitive and functional (ADCS-ADL) scales</li> <li>• Changes in composite scales (CDR-SB)</li> <li>• Changes in biomarkers and imaging assays</li> <li>• Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>• LPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III AMARANTH - EXTENSION</b>  NCT02972658  Partnered	Early Alzheimer's disease patients	1,400	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• lanabecestat 20mg or 50mg once daily</li> </ul> <p>24-month delayed start treatment extension Global trial – 14 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Delayed start analysis</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2021</li> </ul>
<b>Phase III DAYBREAK-ALZ</b>  NCT02783573	Mild Alzheimer's disease patients	1,899	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: lanabecestat 20 mg once daily</li> <li>• Arm 2: lanabecestat 50 mg once daily</li> <li>• Arm 3: placebo once daily</li> </ul> <p>18-month treatment duration + 18-month delayed start extension Global trial – 18 countries</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary endpoint: Changes in cognitive (ADAS-Cog 13) scale</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Changes in cognitive and functional (ADCS-ADL) scales</li> <li>• Changes in composite scales (CDR-SB)</li> <li>• Changes in biomarkers and imaging assays</li> <li>• Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>



## Early development - IMED (AstraZeneca Research and Early Development)



# Capivasertib (AZD5363, AKT inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT01226316</a>	Breast and gynaecological cancers with PIK pathway mutation	12-24 per arm (Parts E & F)	<p>AZD5363 400mg BD 4 days on 3 days off combined with 500mg fulvestrant [initially 12 patients per arm with option to expand to 24 patients in one or more arms]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part E arm 1: ER+ Breast with AKT-1 mutation (prior <i>Faslodex</i> resistance)</li> <li>Part E arm 2: ER+ Breast with AKT-1 mutation (first exposure to <i>Faslodex</i>)</li> <li>Part F arm 1: ER+ Breast with PTEN mutation (prior <i>Faslodex</i> resistance)</li> <li>Part F arm 2: ER+ Breast with PTEN mutation (first exposure to <i>Faslodex</i>)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>ORR</li> <li>Clinical Benefit Rate at 24 weeks (CBR24) [Parts E &amp; F only]</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# Vistusertib (mTORC1/2 inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase II MANTA</b> <a href="#">NCT02216786</a> Partnered	2L oestrogen-receptor positive (ER+) metastatic breast cancer	316	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: <i>Faslodex</i></li> <li>Arm 2: <i>Faslodex</i> + vistusertib 50mg BD continuous dosing</li> <li>Arm 3: <i>Faslodex</i> + vistusertib 125mg BD two days on, 5 off</li> <li>Arm 4: <i>Faslodex</i> + everolimus</li> </ul> <p>Multicentre: European sites</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: OS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: H2 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT02398747</a>	Japanese Patients with Advanced Solid Malignancies	18	<p>Open label</p> <p>Monotherapy and combination with paclitaxel cohorts</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability of AZD2014 monotherapy and in combination with paclitaxel</li> <li>PK</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I/II PASTOR</b> <a href="#">NCT02599714</a>	Postmenopausal women with locally advanced/metastatic oestrogen receptor positive (ER+) breast cancer	225	<p>Part A – Phase I triplet dose finding to determine the maximum tolerated dose (MTD) of the triplet (vistusertib + palbociclib + fulvestrant)</p> <p>Part B – Phase I single arm expansions (vistusertib + palbociclib + <i>Faslodex</i>)</p> <p>Part C – randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, stratified, parallel group extension at RP2D for triplet combination (vistusertib + palbociclib + <i>Faslodex</i> vs matching vistusertib placebo + palbociclib + <i>Faslodex</i>)</p>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: Safety and tolerability of the triplet. MTD and recommended dose for Parts B and C</li> <li>Part B: Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Part C: PFS</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints: Best Objective Response Rate (BOR) and Objective Response Rate (ORR)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I/II</b> <a href="#">NCT03205046</a> Partnered	Relapsed/Refractory B-cell Malignancies	59	<p>Part 1 - Identify a dose and schedule for vistusertib in combination with acalabrutinib</p> <p>Part 2: Evaluation of the safety of acalabrutinib and vistusertib when coadministered</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Number of participants experiencing dose-limiting toxicities</li> <li>Incidence of adverse events from the combination of acalabrutinib and vistusertib</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I/II</b> <a href="#">NCT03205046</a>	Relapsed/Refractory B-cell Malignancies	59	<p>Part 1 - Identify dose and schedule for vistusertib + acalabrutinib</p> <p>Part 2: Single arm expansions to further explore tolerability, PK and clinical activity of vistusertib + acalabrutinib</p> <p>Conducted in US, EU</p>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Overall response rate, Duration of response, Durable response rate, PFS</li> <li>PK</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# AZD0156 (ATM inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I NCT02588105	Solid tumours	130	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: AZD0156 + Lynparza</li> <li>Arm 2: AZD0156 + irinotecan</li> </ul> <p>Trial conducted in North America, Europe and South Korea</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul>



# AZD1390 (ATM inhibitor, blood brain barrier)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Subjects	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03215381</b>	Healthy Volunteers	8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positron-Emission Tomography (PET) Study</li> <li>• [11C]AZD1390 Microdose administered by IV bolus</li> <li>• Trial conducted in a single centre in Sweden</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Brain distribution of AZD1390 to assess if [11C]AZD1390 crosses the blood brain barrier in healthy volunteers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul>



# AZD1775 (WEE-1 inhibitor)

## Ovarian cancer, triple-negative breast cancer, small cell lung cancer (SCLC)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase II</b> <a href="#">NCT02272790</a>	Platinum-resistant (PR) ovarian cancer	97	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm B: paclitaxel + AZD1775</li> <li>Arm C: carboplatin + AZD1775</li> </ul> Global trial	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: ORR</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: Duration of Response (DOR), PFS, OS, Disease Control Rate, safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I/II</b> <a href="#">NCT02482311</a>	Advanced solid tumours	97	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monotherapy Safety Run-in (part A, N=12); solid tumours Expansions into specific tumour types, inc. ovarian cancer (BRCAm PARP failures and BRCAwt with three or more prior lines of treatment), triple negative breast cancer (TNBC) and SCLC</li> </ul> Conducted in US, Canada	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: Overall response rate, DCR, DoR, PFS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT02610075</a>	Advanced solid tumours	78	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monotherapy Dose escalation trial to determine MTD</li> </ul> Conducted in US	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT02511795</a>	Advanced solid tumours	102	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose escalation trial to determine MTD (AZD1775 + Lynparza) followed by expansions into specific tumour types, inc ovarian cancer, triple negative breast cancer (TNBC) and small cell lung cancer (SCLC)</li> </ul> Conducted in US, Canada	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: Overall response rate, Disease Control Rate, Duration of Response, PFS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT02617277</a>	Advanced solid tumours	55	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose escalation trial to determine MTD (AZD1775 + Imfinzi)</li> </ul> Conducted in US	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT02341456</a>	Advanced solid tumours	19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose escalation trial to determine MTD (AZD1775 + carboplatin + paclitaxel: AZD1775 + Carbo)</li> </ul> Conducted in Australia, Japan and Republic of Korea	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data readout Q1 2018</li> </ul>



# AZD1775 (WEE-1 inhibitor)

## Ovarian cancer, triple-negative breast cancer, small cell lung cancer (SCLC)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>D6014C00005</b> <b>NCT03315091</b>	Advanced solid tumours	24	<p>Open-label, randomised, 2-period crossover design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fasted (Treatment A): Single dose 300 mg AZD1775</li> <li>Fed (Treatment B): Single dose 300 mg AZD1775</li> </ul> <p>Conducted in Europe</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoints: Plasma AUC, AUC0-t and Cmax</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: Plasma tmax, <math>\lambda_z</math>, <math>t_{1/2}</math>, CL/F and Vz/F</li> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>D6014C00006</b> <b>NCT03333824</b>	Advanced solid tumours	30	<p>Part A: caffeine (200mg), omeprazole (20mg) and midazolam (1mL of 2mg/mL syrup) followed 7-14 days later by AZD1775 225mg bid for 2.5 days plus caffeine (200mg), omeprazole (20mg) and midazolam (1mL of 2mg/mL syrup) on day 3.</p> <p>Part B: 7-14 days after end of Part A, AZD1775 225mg BID for 2.5 days.</p> <p>Conducted in US</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoints:</li> <li>Part A: Plasma AUC, AUC0-t and Cmax for cocktail parent compounds (midazolam, omeprazole and caffeine)</li> <li>Part B: dECG intervals (QTcF) for absolute values and time-matched change from baseline</li> <li>Secondary endpoints:</li> <li>Plasma tmax, <math>\lambda_z</math>, CL/F and Vz/F for cocktail parent compounds (midazolam, omeprazole, and caffeine). Plasma AUC, AUC0-t, tmax, Cmax, <math>t_{1/2}</math>, and <math>\lambda_z</math> for cocktail metabolites (1'-hydroxy-midazolam, 5-hydroxy-omeprazole, and paraxanthine) and the AUC and Cmax ratios in relation to parent compound.</li> <li>Plasma AZD1775 Day 1: Part B only: AUC0-12, tmax, and Cmax Plasma AZD1775 Day 3: Parts A &amp; B: AUC0-12, tmax, Cmax, Cmin, Cavg, CLss/F and F1; Part B only: RAUC0-12 and Rcmax</li> <li>dECG intervals (heart rate, RR, PR, QRS, QTcB, QTcF and QT) for absolute values and time-matched change from baseline; changes in dECG morphology</li> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>D6014C00007</b> <b>NCT03313557</b>	Advanced solid tumours	54	<p>AZD1775 monotherapy once daily.</p> <p>Conducted in US and Europe</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> </ul>



# AZD2811 (aurora kinase B inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02579226</b>	Solid tumours	72	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: AZD2811 dose escalation</li> <li>Arm 2: AZD2811 dose expansion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Pharmacokinetics and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03217838</b>	Acute Myeloid Leukaemia/High-Risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome	36	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: AZD2811 single agent dose escalation cohorts</li> <li>Part B: AZD2811 dose expansion to further explore the tolerability, PK and clinical activity.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Pharmacokinetics and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02579226</b>	Solid tumours	72	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: AZD2811 dose escalation</li> <li>Arm 2: AZD2811 dose expansion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Pharmacokinetics and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03217838</b>	Acute Myeloid Leukaemia/High-Risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome	36	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: AZD2811 single agent dose escalation cohorts</li> <li>Part B: AZD2811 dose expansion to further explore the tolerability, PK and clinical activity.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Pharmacokinetics and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# AZD4547 (FGFR inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase II GLOW</b> <a href="#">NCT01202591</a>	Female ER+ breast cancer patients whose disease has progressed following treatment with one prior endocrine therapy	40	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: AZD4547 in ascending multiple doses in combination with 25mg exemestane</li> <li>Part B: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: AZD4547 (dose from part A) + <i>Faslodex</i></li> <li>Arm 2: placebo + <i>Faslodex</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Patients with FGFR1 polysomy (30 patients) or FGFR1 amplification (60 patients)</p> <p>Conducted in eight countries in Europe</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: MTD of AZD4547 in combination with 25mg exemestane in three schedules of AZD4547</li> <li>Part B Interim analysis: Tumour size analysis on 30 FGFR amplified patients</li> <li>Part B Final analysis: PFS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2010</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2014</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II SHINE</b> <a href="#">NCT01457846</a>	Advanced gastro-oesophageal cancer	71	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1 (FGFR2 polysomy): AZD4547 vs paclitaxel randomised 1:1 (30 to 80 patients)</li> <li>Arm 2 (FGFR 2 low gene amplification: AZD4547 vs paclitaxel randomised 3:2 (25 to 80 patients)</li> <li>Arm 3 (FGFR2 high gene amplification: AZD4547 vs paclitaxel randomised 3:2 (25 to 80 patients)</li> </ul> <p>Conducted in 16 countries across Europe and Asia</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoint: OS/Tumour size</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2011</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2013</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT01213160</a>	Advanced cancer who have failed standard therapy or for whom no standard therapy exists	33	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: AZD4547 in ascending multiple doses given bd and od (c. 30 patients)</li> <li>Part B: AZD4547 in patients whose tumours have FGFR amplification (c. eight patients)</li> </ul> <p>Conducted in Japan</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: MTD and Recommended dose for Parts B and C</li> <li>Part B: Safety and tolerability and preliminary anti-tumour activity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2010</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2012</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2013</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT00979134</a>	Advanced cancer who have failed standard therapy or for whom no standard therapy exists	94	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: Ascending oral doses of AZD4547 to define maximum tolerated dose (MTD) and /or continuous, tolerable recommended dose (RD)</li> <li>Part B: Dose expansion phase at RD defined in Part A</li> <li>Part C: Expansion phase in patients with FGFR1 and FGFR2 amplified tumours at the RD defined from Part A</li> </ul> <p>Conducted in seven countries across North America and Europe</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: MTD and recommended dose for Parts B and C</li> <li>Part B and C: Safety and tolerability, PK and preliminary anti-tumour activity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2009</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2013</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I BISCAV</b> <a href="#">NCT02546661</a>	2L Muscle-invasive metastatic bladder cancer in patients who have failed prior therapy	110	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Multi-drug biomarker-directed trial</li> <li>Arm 1: AZD4547</li> <li>Arm 2: AZD4547 + <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 3: <i>Lynparza</i> + <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 4: AZD1775 + <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 5: <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 6: vistusertib + <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm 7: AZD9150 + <i>Imfinzi</i></li> </ul> <p>Planned in North America and Europe</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability of the combinations</li> <li>PK and preliminary anti-tumour activity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# AZD4573 (CDK9 inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03263637</b>	Relapsed/refractory haematologic malignancies	42	Dose Escalation in relapsed/refractory haematological malignancies AZD4573 will be administered 2 parallel arms of (1-6 cohorts of dose escalations) based on the haematological malignancy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary-Safety/PK; secondary-efficacy trial</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# AZD4635 (A<sub>2A</sub>R inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT02740985</a>	<p>Phase Ia: patients with advanced solid tumours</p> <p>Phase Ib: patients with advanced NSCLC who have previously received anti-PD-1 therapy, but either failed to respond or stopped responding after an initial response</p>	<p>36 (estimated)</p> <p>15</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Phase 1a: dose escalation to determine the Maximum Tolerated Dose (MTD) of AZD4635 given as monotherapy and in combination with <i>Imfinzi</i>. When the combination MTD is determined, additional patients with advanced solid malignancies will be enrolled to a dose expansion cohort to explore further the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics (PK), and biological activity</li> <li>Phase 1b will consist of an additional expansion phase in NSCLC at the combination MTD or maximum feasible dose</li> </ul> <p>Both parts conducted at sites in the US</p>	<p>Primary Outcome Measure: Safety and tolerability Secondary Outcome Measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PK of AZD4635 as monotherapy and combination with <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Preliminary assessment of anti-tumour activity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul>



# AZD4785 (KRAS antisense oligonucleotide)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I <a href="#">NCT03101839</a>	<p>Phase Ia: patients with advanced solid tumours which harbour mutations of KRAS.</p> <p>Phase Ib: patients with advanced NSCLC with tumours harbouring mutations of KRAS.</p>	<p>30 (estimated)</p> <p>20</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Phase Ia: dose escalation to determine the Maximum Tolerated Dose (MTD) of AZD4785 given as monotherapy. When the MTD is determined, additional patients with advanced solid malignancies may be enrolled to explore further the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics (PK), and biological activity</li> <li>Phase Ib will consist of an expansion phase in patients with KRASm NSCLC at the MTD or maximum feasible dose.</li> </ul> <p>To be conducted at sites in the USA and UK</p>	<p>Primary Outcome Measure: Safety and tolerability</p> <p>Secondary Outcome Measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pharmacokinetics of AZD4785</li> <li>Change in KRAS mRNA from baseline</li> <li>Objective clinical response</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# AZD5069 (CXCR2 antagonist)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase Ib/II <a href="#">NCT02499328</a>	Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Head & Neck (HNSCC)	465	<p>Dose Escalation advanced solid and blood cancers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm A1: AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm A2 : AZD5069/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm A4: AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi/treme</i></li> <li>• Arm A5: AZD5069/<i>Imfinzi/treme</i></li> </ul> <p>Dose Expansion 2L HNSCC:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm B1: AZD9150</li> <li>• Arm B2: AZD5069</li> <li>• Arm B3: AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm B4: AZD5069/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm B5: AZD9150 Mono</li> <li>• Arm B6: AZD5069 Mono</li> <li>• Arm B7: AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi</i> (1L HNSCC)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety/Efficacy trial</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase Ib/II <a href="#">NCT02583477</a>	Metastatic Pancreatic Ductal Carcinoma	16	<p>Dose escalation and expansion Arms:</p> <p><i>Imfinzi</i> in combination with nab-paclitaxel and gemcitabine</p> <p><i>Imfinzi</i> in combination with AZD5069</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety/Efficacy trial</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul>



# AZD5153 (BRD4 inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I/Ib</b> <b>NCT03205176</b>	Relapsed/refractory solid tumours, lymphomas	54	Dose Escalation advanced solid and lymphomas 6 dose escalation cohorts of AZD5153  Dose and schedule from dose escalation will be applied in dose expansion Phase in platinum-resistant or platinum-refractory high grade serous (HGS) ovarian cancer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary-Safety/ secondary-Efficacy trial</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# AZD5991 (MCL1 inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b>  <b>NCT03218683</b>	Relapsed/refractory haematologic malignancies	30	Dose Escalation in relapsed/refractory haematological malignancies 5 dose escalation cohorts of AZD5991	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary-Safety/ secondary-Efficacy trial</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# AZD6738 (ATR inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02264678</b>	Solid tumours	160	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: AZD6738 + carboplatin</li> <li>• Arm 2: AZD6738 dose escalation, AZD6738 + Lynparza</li> <li>• Arm 3: AZD6738 + <i>Imfinzi</i></li> </ul> <p>Trial conducted in North America, Europe and South Korea</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety and tolerability</li> <li>• PK and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>• Data anticipated: Q1 2018</li> </ul>



# AZD8186 (PI3K $\beta$ /d inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b>  NCT01884285	Advanced Castrate Resistant Prostate Cancer /sqNSCLC /TNBC and patients with known PTEN-deficient/ mutated or PIK3CM mutated/ amplified advanced solid malignancies	153	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: AZD8186 monotherapy in ascending intermittent doses in 3 schedules</li> <li>Part B: AZD8186 monotherapy at recommended dose and schedule(s) from Part A in PTEN deficient patients with advanced cancer</li> <li>Part C: Combination AZD8186 added to abiraterone acetate (with prednisone) in PTEN deficient metastatic castrate resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) patients. Initial dose/ schedule confirmation phase using AZD8186 monotherapy recommended dose/ schedule from Part A and the labelled dose of abiraterone followed by an expansion cohort to explore clinical activity</li> <li>Part D: Combination AZD8186 and AZD2014 (a novel dual mTORC ½ inhibitor). Initial dose/ schedule determination phase in same patient population as Part A followed by an expansion cohort in PTEN deficient TNBC patients to explore clinical activity</li> </ul> <p>Trial conducted in Canada, US, Spain &amp; UK</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part A: PK, MTD and Recommended dose and schedule(s) for Part B</li> <li>Part B: Safety, tolerability and preliminary assessment of anti-tumour activity (POM)</li> <li>Part C: PK, safety, tolerability and recommended dose/ schedule of AZD8186 in combination with abiraterone. Preliminary assessment of anti-tumour activity of AZD8186 in combination with abiraterone</li> <li>Part D: PK, safety, tolerability and recommended dose and schedule of AZD8186 in combination with AZD2014. Preliminary assessment of anti-tumour activity of AZD8186 in combination with AZD2014</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2013</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# AZD9150 (STAT3 inhibitor)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase Ib/II</b> <b>NCT02499328</b>	Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Head & Neck (HNSCC)	405	<p>Dose Escalation advanced solid and blood cancers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm A1: AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm A2 : AZD5069/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm A4: AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi/treme</i></li> <li>• Arm A5: AZD5069/<i>Imfinzi/treme</i></li> </ul> <p>Dose Expansion 2L HNSCC:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm B1: AZD9150</li> <li>• Arm B2: AZD5069</li> <li>• Arm B3: AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm B4: AZD5069/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm B5: AZD9150 Mono</li> <li>• Arm B6: AZD5069 Mono</li> <li>• Arm B7: AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi</i> (1L HNSCC)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety/Efficacy trial</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase Ib/II</b> <b>NCT02549651</b>	Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma	190	<p>Dose escalation and expansion Arms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Experimental Arm: <i>Imfinzi</i> monotherapy</li> <li>• Experimental Arm: <i>Imfinzi</i> and tremelimumab</li> <li>• Experimental Arm: <i>Imfinzi</i> and AZD9150</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety/Efficacy trial</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2021</li> </ul>
<b>Phase Ib/II</b> <b>NCT03421353</b>	Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	213	<p>Dose Escalation advanced solid and blood cancers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm A1: AZD9150 alternate week/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm A2-A5 : AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi</i> + SOC chemotherapy</li> </ul> <p>Dose Expansion 1L HNSCC:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm B1: AZD9150 alternate week/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm B2: AZD9150 weekly/<i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• Arm C1: AZD9150/<i>Imfinzi</i>+SOC chemo</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety/Efficacy trial</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2018</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>

\* clinicaltrials.gov being updated



# AZD9496 (selective estrogen receptor degrader)

## Breast cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT03236974</a>	ER+ Breast Cancer	~50	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This is an open label randomised multicentre pre-surgical pharmacodynamics study to compare and assess the biological effects of AZD9496 and <i>Faslodex</i> in postmenopausal women with oestrogen receptor positive (ER+), human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 negative (HER2-) primary breast cancer. Patients will receive AZD9496 or <i>Faslodex</i> and will have a pre-dose and an on-treatment core biopsy after 5-14 days of commencing treatment.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary Outcome Measures: Pharmacodynamics changes to estrogen receptor (ER) expression following treatment with AZD9496 or <i>Faslodex</i></li> <li>Secondary Outcome Measures: Pharmacodynamics changes to Ki67 and progesterone receptor (PgR) expression following treatment with AZD9496 or <i>Faslodex</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT02248090</a>	ER+ Breast Cancer	~50	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This is a Phase I open label multicentre trial of AZD9496 administered orally in patients with advanced ER+ HER2 negative breast cancer. The trial design allows an escalation of dose with intensive safety monitoring to ensure the safety of patients. The trial will determine the maximum tolerated dose. In addition, expansion cohort(s) at potential therapeutic dose(s) in patients with or without ESR1 mutations will be enrolled to further determine the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and biological activity of AZD9496</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary Outcome Measures: Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Secondary Outcome Measures: Single and multiple dose pharmacokinetics of AZD9496 4β-hydroxycholesterol concentration in blood</li> <li>Anti-tumour activity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <a href="#">NCT02780713</a>	Healthy subjects	14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This is a Phase I open label single centre trial to assess the pharmacokinetics and safety of different forms and formulations of AZD9496 in healthy subjects</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary Outcome Measures: Pharmacokinetics for AZD9496 and its metabolites</li> <li>Secondary Outcome Measures: Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>



# Verinurad (RDEA3170, URAT1 inhibitor)

## Chronic kidney disease

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase II</b> <a href="#">NCT03118739</a>	CKD patients with hyperuricaemia, albuminuria, and Type 2 diabetes	60	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm A: verinurad 9 mg and febuxostat 80 mg</li> <li>• Arm B: Placebo</li> </ul> <p>The trial is a multi-centre trial conducted in the US</p>	To assess the effects of intensive uric acid lowering therapy with RDEA3170 and febuxostat on UACR (urine albumin creatinine ratio)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <a href="#">NCT03316131</a>	Asymptomatic hyperuricemic subjects (sUA > 6.0 mg/dL)	24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm A: 9 mg verinurad + 80 mg febuxostat + 10 mg dapagliflozin</li> <li>• Arm B: 9 mg verinurad + 80 mg febuxostat + placebo</li> </ul> <p>The trial is a two-centre trial conducted in the US</p>	<p>Primary: Peak UA excretion during the first 8 hours) on Day 7 of treatment</p> <p>Secondary: serum uric acid levels after 7 days of treatment.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>• LPCD: Q1 2018</li> </ul>



# AZD4831 & AZD5718

## Cardiovascular disease

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>AZD4831 (MPO)</b> <b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02712372</b>	Healthy subjects	~96	SAD trial (one trial site in Germany) • Planned to investigate 6 different dose levels vs placebo but up to 10 cohort may be used	• Safety and tolerability • PK parameters	• FPCD: Q3 2016 • LPCD: Q4 2016 • Data readout Q2 2017
<b>AZD4831 (MPO)</b> <b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03136991</b>	Healthy subjects	~40	MAD (one trial site in USA) • The planned number of cohorts is four but up to five cohorts may be included	• Safety and tolerability • PK parameters	• FPCD: Q2 2017
<b>AZD5718 (FLAP)</b> <b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02632526</b>	Healthy subjects	96	SMAD trial (one trial site in UK) SAD • Oral administration MAD	• Safety and tolerability • PK parameters, bioavailability	• FPCD: Q1 2016 • LPCD: Q3 2016 • Data readout: Q4 2016
<b>AZD5718 (FLAP)</b> <b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02963116</b>	Healthy subjects	12	DDI/BA study (one trial site in UK)  A Randomised, 5-Period, 5-Treatment, Single-Dose, open-label, cross-over study to	• PK and bioavailability • To further assess the safety of single doses of AZD5718 in healthy subjects	• FPCD: Q2 2016 • LPCD: Q1 2017 • Data readout Q2 2017
<b>AZD5718 (FLAP)</b> <b>Phase IIa</b> <b>NCT03317002</b>	Coronary Artery Disease (CAD)	100	Phase 2A trial • Arm 1: AZD5718 Dose A • Arm 2: AZD 5718 Dose B • Arm 3: Placebo  Global trial – three countries in Europe	• Primary endpoint: PD effect of AZD5718 by assessment of u-LTE4	• FPCD: Q4 2017
<b>AZD5718 (FLAP)</b> <b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03400488</b>	Healthy subjects	48	Combined SAD and MAD study in Japanese subjects (one trial site in USA)	• Safety and tolerability • PK and PD parameters	• FPCD: Q1 2018
<b>AZD5718 (FLAP)</b> <b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03420092</b>	Healthy subjects	14	BA study (one trial site in UK) A randomised, 6-period, 6-treatment, single-dose, open-label, crossover, study to assess the relative bioavailability of different formulations of AZD5718 and the food effect	• PK and bioavailability • Safety and tolerability	• FPCD: Q1 2018



# AZD8601 (VEGF-A)

## Cardiovascular disease

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02935712</b>	Type 2 diabetic patients	~60	SAD trial (one trial site in Germany) • Planned to investigate 3 different dose levels vs placebo but up to 5 cohort may be used	• Safety and tolerability	• FPCD: Q1 2017 • LPCD: Q3 2017 • Data readout: Q1 2018
<b>Phase IIa</b> <b>NCTT03370887</b>	Heart Failure	Up to 33	Phase 2A trial ( Two trial sites in Finland) • Arm 1: AZD8601 Dose A • Arm 2: AZD 8601 Dose B • Arm 3: Placebo	• Safety and tolerability	• FPCD: Q1 2018



# AZD9977

## Heart Failure with preserved Ejection Fraction



Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03435276</b>	Healthy subjects	27	MAD  Dose escalation in 3 cohorts with 6 subjects receiving AZD9977 and 3 subjects receiving placebo in each cohort  Trial conducted in the UK.	Primary: • Safety and tolerability  Secondary: • PK parameters	• FPCD: Q1 2018
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03450759</b>	Healthy subjects	12	Bioavailability study  Investigation of four different oral formulations of AZD9977 and influence of food.  Trial conducted in the UK.	Primary: • relative bioavailability vs oral suspension (reference) • PK parameters	• FPCD: Q2 2018



# Abediterol (AZD0548, LABA)

## Asthma

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I  NCT03273127	Patients With Asthma on Inhaled Corticosteroids	12	A randomised, single-blind, placebo-controlled study to assess PK and safety of abediterol 5 µg DPI given QD for 9 days, compared to placebo, in patients with asthma on ICSs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To assess Cmax after single inhaled dose of abediterol 5 µg. Cmax will be taken directly from the individual concentration-time curve</li> <li>To assess tmax after single inhaled dose of abediterol 5 µg. tmax will be taken directly from the individual concentration-time curve</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2018</li> </ul>



# AZD1419 (TLR9 agonist)

## Asthma

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase IIa <b>INCONTRO</b> NCT02898662	Adults with eosinophilic, moderate to severe asthma on ICS + LABA background treatment	81	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: AZD1419, once-weekly adaptive dosing (4mg, 1mg, 8mg)</li> <li>Arm 2: placebo</li> </ul> Inhaled (nebulised) administration Trial conducted in EU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Time to loss of asthma control</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>

ICS = Inhaled corticosteroids

LABA = Long Acting Beta Agonist



# AZD5634 (epithelial NaC inhibitor)

## Cystic fibrosis

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02679729</b>	Healthy subjects	Part A: 57 Part B: 6	SAD. A Phase I, Randomised, Single-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Study to Assess the Safety, Tolerability and Pharmacokinetics of AZD5634 Following Single-Ascending Inhaled Doses (Part A) and After Single Inhaled and Intravenous Doses (Part B) in Healthy Subjects	Primary Endpoint • Safety and tolerability  Secondary Endpoint • PK parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase Ib</b> <b>NCT02950805</b>	Patients with Cystic Fibrosis	10	PoM. A Phase Ib, Randomised, Blinded, Placebo-Controlled Cross-Over Study to Assess the Effect of AZD5634 on Mucociliary Clearance as Well as Safety, Tolerability and Pharmacokinetic Parameters Following Single Inhaled Dose Administration to Patients with Cystic Fibrosis	Primary Endpoint • Mucociliary clearance (MCC)  Secondary Endpoint • PK parameters • Safety and tolerability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>LPCD Q1 2018</li> <li>Data readout Q2 2018</li> </ul>



# AZD7594 (inhaled SGRM)

## Asthma/chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase II <a href="#">NCT02479412</a>	Patients with mild to moderate asthma	48	A randomised, double blind, multiple dosing (14 days), placebo-controlled, incomplete block cross-over, multi-centre trial to assess efficacy and safety of three dose levels of AZD7594, given once daily by inhalation, in patients with mild to moderate asthma	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary: morning trough forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2016</li> </ul>
Phase I <a href="#">NCT02967159</a>	Healthy subjects	32	A randomised open label cross-over study to evaluate pharmacokinetics and safety of single inhaled doses of abediterol and AZD7594 given alone, in fixed dose combination (FDC) and in free combination using dry powder inhaler (DPI), in male healthy volunteers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PK, safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
Phase I <a href="#">NCT02928354</a>	Healthy subjects	12	This study is an open label, randomised, three-way cross-over study to assess the effect of particle size on the PK and safety of single inhaled doses of AZD7594 in healthy subjects (males aged 18 to 55 years [inclusive]). The study will be performed at a single study centre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PK and safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2017</li> </ul>
Phase I <a href="#">NCT01636024</a>	Healthy subjects	73	SAD/MAD A Phase I, single centre, double-blind, randomised, placebo controlled, parallel-group trial to assess the safety, tolerability, Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics after single and multiple ascending inhaled doses of AZD7594 in healthy male Subjects – suspension inhaled via Spira nebuliser  Trial conducted in the UK	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2012</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2013</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2013</li> </ul>
Phase I <a href="#">NCT02648438</a>	Healthy subjects	30	An open label, partially randomised, four-period trial in healthy male subjects to investigate the bioavailability and pharmacokinetics of a single dose of AZD7594 when administered intravenously, orally and inhaled via two different dry powder inhalers (DPI) and a pressurised metered-dose inhaler (pMDI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Bioavailability and pharmacokinetics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2016</li> </ul>
Phase I <a href="#">NCT02645253</a>	Healthy subjects	27	A phase I, randomised, single-blind, placebo-controlled, sequential-group, single-centre trial to investigate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of single and multiple ascending doses of AZD7594 given once daily as inhaled formulation in healthy Japanese men	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2016</li> </ul>

# AZD7594 (inhaled SGRM)

## Asthma/chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02928354</b>	Healthy subjects	18	A randomised open label three-way cross-over study in healthy male volunteers to investigate the effect of particle size on PK following a single inhaled dose of AZD7594 via a dry powder inhaler (DPI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PK</li> <li>• Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>• LPCD: Q1 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02967159</b>	Healthy subjects	32	A randomised open label cross-over study to evaluate the pharmacokinetics and safety of single inhaled doses of abediterol and AZD7594 given alone, in fixed dose combination and in free combination, using DPI, in male healthy volunteers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PK</li> <li>• Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>• LPCD: Q1 2017</li> </ul>



# AZD8871 (MABA2)

## Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase IIa <a href="#">NCT02971293</a>	Moderate to severe COPD	42	<p>Comprises 3 treatment periods of 14 days each separated by a washout period of 28 to 35 days</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AZD8871 600 µg once daily (double-blind)</li> <li>AZD8871 100 µg once daily (double-blind)</li> <li>Placebo (double-blind)</li> </ul> <p>Global study – 2 countries (UK &amp; Germany)</p>	<p><b>Primary Endpoint:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To evaluate the efficacy of inhaled AZD8871 in patients with moderate to severe COPD</li> </ul> <p><b>Secondary Endpoint:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To investigate the PK of AZD8871 and its metabolites after multiple dose administration of AZD8871 in patients with moderate to severe COPD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2017</li> </ul>
Phase I <a href="#">NCT03159442</a>	Healthy Japanese Volunteers	24	<p>MAD study with 3 dose levels - 300 µg, 600µg, and 900 µg (plus placebo control group in each dose level).</p> <p>Global Study – 1 country (UK)</p>	<p><b>Primary Endpoint:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The primary objective is to investigate the safety and tolerability of AZD8871 at steady state</li> </ul> <p><b>Secondary Endpoint:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To characterize the PK of AZD8871 and its metabolites LAS191861 and LAS34850 after multiple doses of AZD8871 and assess the time required to reach steady state, the degree of accumulation and the time dependency</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>



# AZD9567 (oSGRM)

## Respiratory

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02760316</b>	Healthy subjects	71	MAD trial with a total of 6 dose levels of AZD9567: 10 mg, 20mg, 40mg, 80mg and 125 mg as well as with 3 dose levels of prednisolone: 5 mg, 20 mg and 40 mg	<b>Primary Endpoint:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To assess the safety and tolerability of AZD9567 following multiple oral ascending doses in subjects with BMI between 28 and 38 kg/m<sup>2</sup> and with a positive glucose tolerance test (7,8 to 11,0 mmol/L)</li></ul> <b>Secondary Endpoints:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To characterise the pharmacokinetics of AZD9567 following multiple oral administration of ascending doses</li><li>To characterise the pharmacodynamics of AZD9567 assessed as effect on glucose homeostasis through OGTT (oral glucose tolerance test) in comparison with prednisolone</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>FPCD: Q2 2016</li><li>Data anticipated: Q2 2018</li></ul>
<b>Phase IIa</b> <b>NCT03368235</b>	Patients with active RA	40	A Phase II, Randomised, Double-blind, Parallel Study to Assess the Efficacy, Safety and Tolerability of AZD9567 compared to Prednisolone 20 mg in patients with active Rheumatoid Arthritis	<b>Primary Endpoint:</b> To assess the efficacy of AZD9567, 40 mg, compared to prednisolone 20 mg in patients with active rheumatoid arthritis in spite of stable treatment with conventional and/or s.c./i.v. biological DMARDs  <b>Secondary Endpoints:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>To further assess the efficacy of AZD9567, 40 mg, compared to prednisolone 20 mg in patients with active rheumatoid arthritis in spite of stable treatment with conventional and/or s.c./i.v. biological DMARDs (e.g SJC 66/TJC68, ACR response criteria)</li><li>To evaluate the pharmacokinetic profile of AZD9567</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>FPCD: Q1 2018</li></ul>



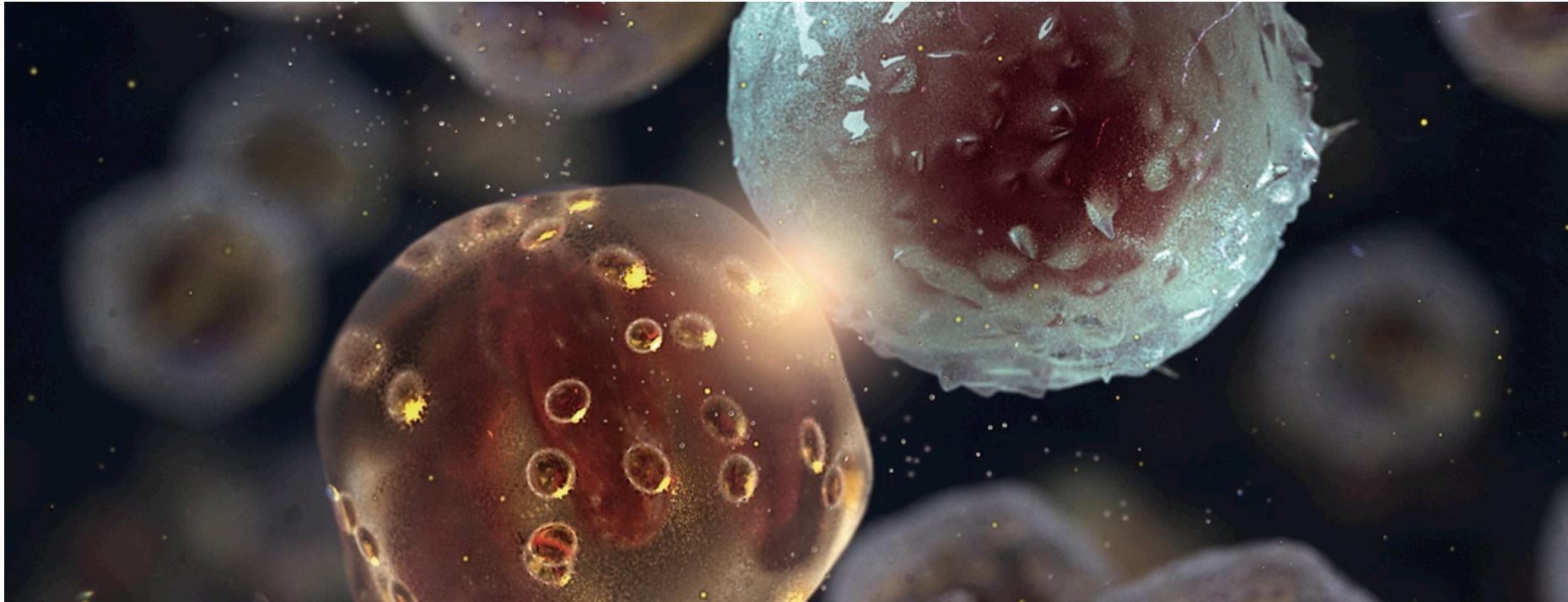
# AZD0284 (ROR $\gamma$ inverse agonist)

## Plaque psoriasis vulgaris

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02976831</b>	Healthy subjects	80	Part 1 (SAD) • Seven different dose levels investigated vs placebo • oral administration	• Safety and tolerability and PK following oral administration with single ascending dose • Preliminary assessment of the effect of food on the single dose PK parameters of AZD0284	• FPCD: Q3 2016 • LPCD: Q2 2017
			Part 2 (MAD) • Three different dose levels investigated vs placebo in healthy subjects • oral administration	• Safety and tolerability & PK in healthy subjects following administration of multiple ascending oral doses • Proof of Mechanism (PoM) confirmed by demonstrating that oral dosing of AZD0284 reduces IL-17 secretion by ex vivo stimulated whole blood T cells	• FPCD: Q1 2017 • LPCD: Q1 2017
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03029741</b>	Healthy subjects	6	A Phase I, single centre, open-label, non-randomised, single dose study performed in 6 healthy male subjects aged 18 to 65 years, inclusive. The study will assess the absolute bioavailability of a single oral dose of AZD0284 and the pharmacokinetics (PK) of a single intravenous (IV) microdose of [ <sup>14</sup> C]AZD0284 in healthy male and female subjects. Oral AZD0284 and [ <sup>14</sup> C]AZD0284 intravenous solution are referred to as the investigational products in this study	• Determination of absolute bioavailability of AZD0284 • Safety and tolerability of AZD0284	• FPCD: Q1 2017 • LPCD: Q1 2017



## Early development - MedImmune Research & Early Development



# Imfinzi (PD-L1 mAb)

## Cancer

Trial	Compound	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I/II STUDY 1108 <a href="#">NCT01693562</a>	<i>Imfinzi</i>	Solid tumours	1,022	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose Escalation: 5 cohorts at Q2W and 1 cohort at Q3W</li> <li>Dose Expansion: 16 tumour type cohorts at the Q2W MTD defined during dose escalation; one cohort at 20mg Q4W</li> </ul> Global trial – eight countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>Optimal biologic dose</li> <li>Secondary endpoints include PK, immunogenicity and anti-tumour activity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2012</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Ongoing</li> </ul>
Phase I <a href="#">NCT02117219</a>	<i>Imfinzi</i> , azacitidine (Vidaza)	Myelodysplastic syndrome	73	Dose-escalation and dose-expansion trial <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part 1: <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Part 2 Arm 1: <i>Imfinzi</i> and tremelimumab</li> <li>Part 2 Arm 2: <i>Imfinzi</i>, tremelimumab, and azacitidine</li> </ul> Global trial – four countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability of monotherapy and combination</li> <li>Secondary endpoints include duration of response, PFS and OS, PK and immunogenicity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase 1 <a href="#">NCT02900157</a>	<i>Imfinzi</i>	Solid tumours	42	Multi-centre, open-label, single-arm trial for adult subjects US and Japan trial centers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, PK, number of subjects reporting infusion related reaction</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase II HUDSON <a href="#">NCT03334617</a>	<i>Imfinzi</i> <i>Lynparza</i> Vistusertib AZD6738 AZD9150	NSCLC	200	4 modules encompassing 10 cohorts Module 1; <i>Imfinzi</i> and <i>Lynparza</i> Module 2; <i>Imfinzi</i> and AZD9150 Module 3; <i>Imfinzi</i> and AZD6738 Module 4; <i>Imfinzi</i> and vistusertib  Open-Label, Biomarker-Directed, Multi-Centre Phase II Umbrella Study in Patients with Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer, who Progressed on an anti-PD-1/PD-L1 Containing Therapy (HUDSON)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary outcome; Objective response rate (ORR).</li> <li>Secondary outcomes; efficacy including OS, PFS, DCR, and safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2018</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>



# *Imfinzi* (PD-L1 mAb) + tremelimumab (CTLA-4 mAb)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase Ib/II STUDY 21 <a href="#">NCT02340975</a>	Gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma	236	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab 2L</li> <li>Arm B: <i>Imfinzi</i> 2L</li> <li>Arm C: tremelimumab 2L</li> <li>Arm D: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab 3L</li> </ul> <p>US and ROW trial centres</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoints: Safety &amp; tolerability, ORR, PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: DCR, OS, DoR, PD-L1 Expression</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase Ib/II STUDY 22 <a href="#">NCT02519348</a>	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	144	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab</li> <li>Arm B: <i>Imfinzi</i> 2L</li> <li>Arm C: tremelimumab 2L</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoints: Safety &amp; tolerability, ORR, PFS</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: DCR, OS, DoR, PD-L1 Expression</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2018</li> </ul>
Phase Ib STUDY 006 <a href="#">NCT02000947</a>	NSCLC (Immunotx naïve and Immunotx pretreated patient cohorts)	459	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose Escalation: minimum 5 cohorts exploring various tremelimumab Q4W and <i>Imfinzi</i> IV Q4W dose combinations, higher dose levels and alternate Q2 schedule added with amendment</li> <li>Dose Expansion: MTD for the combination in escalation to be explored in expansion</li> </ul> <p>North American trial centres, exploration of ex-US countries for expansion into EU and ROW</p>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>Optimal biologic dose for the combination</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints include Antitumour activity, PK and immunogenicity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2013</li> <li>LPCD: H1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
Phase I STUDY 10 <a href="#">NCT02261220</a>	Solid tumours (Basket trial)	380	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dose Exploration: 2 cohorts exploring various Q4W tremelimumab and <i>Imfinzi</i> dose combinations and 2 cohorts exploring various Q2W tremelimumab and <i>Imfinzi</i> dose combinations</li> <li>Dose Expansion: MTD for the combination in escalation to be explored in expansion cohorts specific for each of 7 tumour types</li> </ul> <p>North American trial centres</p>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>Optimal biologic dose for the combination</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints include anti-tumour activity, PK/PD and immunogenicity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>LPCD: H1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
Phase I STUDY 11 <a href="#">NCT02262741</a>	HNSCC	71	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: treatment-naïve, PD-L1+, combo</li> <li>Arm B: treatment-naïve, PD-L1-, combo</li> <li>Arm C: PD-1/PD-L1 refractory, combo</li> </ul> <p>North American trial centres</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Safety &amp; tolerability</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: OR, DC, DoR, PFS, OS, PK/PD, immunogenicity and biomarkers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
Phase Ib STUDY 23 <a href="#">NCT02549651</a>	Diffuse Large B cell Lymphoma	207	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm A: <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>Arm B: <i>Imfinzi</i> + tremelimumab</li> <li>Arm C: tremelimumab + AZD9150</li> </ul> <p>US and European trial centres</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: Safety &amp; tolerability</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: OR, DC, DoR, PFS, OS, PK/PD, immunogenicity and biomarkers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2023</li> </ul>

# *Imfinzi* (PD-L1 mAb) + *Iressa* (gefitinib)

## Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02088112</b>	NSCLC (Escalation phase)  EGFR M+ NSCLC naïve to EGFR-TKI therapy (Expansion phase)	56	Escalation phase Standard 3+3 design with 28 days DLT period • <i>Iressa</i> (QD) + <i>Imfinzi</i> IV  Expansion phase • <i>Iressa</i> (QD) + <i>Imfinzi</i> IV recommended dose  Global trial – three countries	Primary endpoints: • Safety • Optimal biologic dose for the combination • Secondary endpoints: tumour response (CR, PR, SD, PD), Objective response rate, disease control rate, progression-free survival, immunogenicity, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics	• FPCD: Q2 2014 • LPCD: Q2 2015 • Data anticipated: 2019



# ***Imfinzi (PD-L1 mAb)*** **+ MEDI0680 (PD-1 mAb)**

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02118337</b>	Advanced malignancies (escalation phase)  Renal cell carcinoma (RCC) (expansion phase)	96	Dose-escalation phase • <i>Imfinzi</i> IV + MEDI0680 IV  Dose-expansion phase at selected dose from dose-escalation phase • <i>Imfinzi</i> IV + MEDI0680 IV recommended dose	Primary endpoints: • Safety • Determination of MTD  • Secondary endpoints include tumour response such as objective response rate, disease control rate, progression-free survival, duration of response, OS, immunogenicity, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics	• FPCD: Q2 2014 • Data anticipated: 2021
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02013804</b>	Advanced malignancies (escalation phase)	58	Dose-escalation phase • MEDI0680 IV	• Primary endpoint: Safety & Tolerability  • Secondary endpoints include tumour response such as objective response rate, immunogenicity, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics	• FPCD: Q4 2013 • Data anticipated: Q2 2017



# ***Imfinzi (PD-L1 mAb) + dabrafenib (BRAF inhibitor) / trametinib (MEK inhibitor)***

## Melanoma

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I/II</b> <b>NCT02027961</b>	Metastatic or unresectable melanoma BRAF mutation+ (Cohort A) BRAF wild type (Cohorts B&C)	68	Dose Escalation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cohort A dabrafenib 150mg BiD/ trametinib 2mg QD/ <i>Imfinzi</i> IV</li> <li>Cohort B trametinib 2mg QD/ <i>Imfinzi</i> IV</li> <li>Cohort C trametinib 2mg QD/ <i>Imfinzi</i> IV</li> </ul> Dose Expansion: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Each cohort will be expanded at the MTD to enroll a total of 20 subjects per cohort</li> </ul> Global trial – two countries	Primary endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>Optimal biologic dose for the combination</li> </ul> Secondary endpoints include objective response and disease control, duration of response, progression-free survival and OS, pharmacokinetics and immunogenicity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: Q2 2018</li> </ul>



# ***Imfinzi (PD-L1 mAb) + oleclumab (MEDI9447, CD73 mAb)***

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02503774</b>	Advanced malignancies	188	<p>Dose-escalation phase</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• oleclumab IV</li> <li>• oleclumab IV + <i>Imfinzi</i> IV</li> </ul> <p>Dose expansion phase</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• oleclumab IV recommended dose</li> <li>• oleclumab IV recommended dose + <i>Imfinzi</i> IV</li> </ul> <p>US and Australian trial centres</p>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety</li> <li>• Determination of MTD</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints include preliminary anti-tumour activity, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and immunogenicity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2022</li> </ul>



# *Imfinzi* (PD-L1 mAb) + monalizumab (NKG2a mAb)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02671435</b>	Advanced solid tumours	280	Escalation phase • monalizumab + <i>Imfinzi</i> IV  Expansion phase • monalizumab + <i>Imfinzi</i> IV recommended dose  Global Trial	Primary endpoints: • Safety • Optimal biologic dose for the combination  • Secondary endpoints include tumour response (CR, PR, SD, PD), Objective response rate, disease control rate, progression-free survival, immunogenicity, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics	• FPCD: Q2 2016 • Data anticipated: 2022



# MEDI0457

+ *Imfinzi* (PD-L1 mAb)

Squamous cell carcinoma of the Head and Neck (SCCHN)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase Ib/Ila NCT03162224	Human papillomavirus (HPV) Associated Recurrent/Metastatic Head and Neck Cancer	50	Multi-centre, open label study to evaluate the safety and efficacy of combination treatment with MEDI0457 and <i>Imfinzi</i>	Primary endpoints: Safety & Tolerability, ORR  Secondary endpoints: PK, ADA, DCR, OS, PFS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: 3Q 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# MEDI0562 (OX40 mAb)

## MEDI0562 (OX40 mAb) + *Imfinzi* (PD-L1 mAb) or tremelimumab (CTLA-4 mAb)

### Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> NCT02318394	Advanced malignancies	106	Dose-escalation phase • MEDI0562 IV  Dose-expansion phase • MEDI0562 IV recommended dose	Primary endpoints: • Safety • Determination of MTD  • Secondary endpoint: preliminary anti-tumour activity, pharmacokinetics, biomarker activity, and immunogenicity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>• Data readout : Q1 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> NCT02705482	Advanced malignancies	404	• Arm A: MEDI0562 IV + <i>Imfinzi</i> IV • Arm B: MEDI0562 IV + tremelimumab IV	• Primary endpoint: Safety  • Secondary endpoint: preliminary anti-tumour activity, pharmacokinetics, and immunogenicity and pharmacodynamics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2020</li> </ul>



# MEDI1873 (GITR agonist)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02583165</b>	Adult subjects with select advanced solid tumours	51	Dose-escalation phase • MEDI1873 IV  US trial centres	Primary endpoints: • Safety • Determination of MTD  • Secondary endpoints: preliminary anti-tumour activity, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and immunogenicity	• FPCD: Q4 2015 • Data anticipated: 2021



# MEDI2228

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I  NCT03489525	Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma	129	First-time-in-human Phase 1, multi-centre, open-label, single-arm, dose-escalation, and dose-expansion trial for adult subjects	Primary endpoints: • Safety • Determination of MTD  • Secondary endpoints: pharmacokinetics, immunogenicity, ORR, DoR, PFS, OS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Planning Q2 2018</li> </ul>

Approved medicines  
 Late-stage development  
 Early development - IMED  
**Early development - MedImmune**

Oncology

CVRM

Respiratory

Other



# MEDI3726 (PSMA antibody drug conjugate)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I/Ib</b> <b>NCT02991911</b>	Subjects with metastatic castration resistant prostate cancer	224	Open-label, Dose-escalation and Dose-expansion • Three arm study • Post-chemo • Pre-chemo • MEDI3726+Enzalutamide	Primary endpoint: • Safety Secondary endpoints • RECIST response • PSA50 response • CTC response • Pharmacokinetics, and immunogenicity	• FPCD: Q1 2017



# MEDI4276 (HER2 ADC mAb)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02576548</b>	Advanced HER2+ metastatic breast and gastric cancer	Dose escalation Up to 66  Dose expansion Up to 150	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>First-time-in-human Phase 1, multi-centre, open-label, single-arm, dose-escalation, and dose-expansion trial for adult subjects</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary endpoint: safety</li> <li>Secondary endpoints: anti-tumour activity, overall response, disease control, PFS, OS and change from baseline tumour size</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# MEDI5083 + *Imfinzi* (PD-L1 mAb)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03089645</b>	Advanced Solid Tumours	204	<p>Dose-escalation phase</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part 1: MEDI5083</li> <li>Part 2: MEDI5083 + <i>Imfinzi</i> IV</li> </ul> <p>Dose expansion phase</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part 3: MEDI5083 recommended dose + <i>Imfinzi</i> IV</li> </ul> <p>US and Australian trial centres</p>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety</li> <li>Determination of MTD</li> </ul> <p>Secondary endpoints: preliminary anti-tumour activity, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and immunogenicity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2022</li> </ul>



# MEDI7247 (PBD ADC mAb)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I NCT03106428	Relapsed/Refractory Haematological Malignancies	228	First-time-in-human Phase 1, multi-centre, open-label, single-arm, dose-escalation, and dose-expansion trial for adult subjects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Primary endpoint: safety</li><li>• Secondary endpoints: Pharmacokinetics, immunogenicity and anti-tumour activity</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• FPCD: Q2 2017</li><li>• Data anticipated: 2020</li></ul>

Approved medicines  
Late-stage development  
Early development - IMED  
Early development - MedImmune

Oncology

CVRM

Respiratory

Other



# MEDI9197 (TLR7/8 agonist)

## Cancer

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02556463</b>	Advanced solid tumour malignancies readily accessible for injection	135	<p>Dose-escalation phase</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MEDI9197 IT</li> <li>• MEDI9197 IT + <i>Imfinzi</i></li> <li>• MEDI9197 IT + <i>Imfinzi</i> + palliative radiation</li> </ul> <p>Global trial – three countries</p>	<p>Primary endpoints:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety</li> <li>• Determination of MTD</li> </ul> <p>• Secondary endpoints include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Objective response, disease control and duration of response</li> <li>– Intratumoural and systemic PK and PD profiles/relationships</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>• Data anticipated: 2021</li> </ul>



# MEDI0382 (GLP-1-glucagon agonist)

## Diabetes

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02394314</b> Completed	Healthy adult subjects	64	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SAD SC administration</li> <li>Germany</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety profile in terms of adverse events (AE), vital signs, ECG, telemetry, lab variables, nausea, immunogenicity and physical examination</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <b>NCT02548585</b> Completed	Adults with type-2 diabetes	113	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MAD SC administration</li> <li>Germany</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety profile in terms of adverse events (AE), vital signs, ECG, telemetry, lab variables, nausea, immunogenicity and physical examination</li> <li>Efficacy: MMT glucose AUC, HbA1c, fructosamine and body weight loss</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2017</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <b>NCT03244800</b>	Adults with type-2 diabetes	65	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ARM1: MEDI0382 SC or placebo</li> <li>ARM2: MEDI0382 SC or placebo</li> <li>Germany</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Efficacy: MMT glucose AUC, body weight loss, HbA1c, fasting plasma glucose</li> <li>Safety profile in terms of adverse events (AE), heart rate, blood pressure, vital signs, ECG, lab variables</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>Data readout: Q1 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <b>NCT03235050</b>	Overweight and Obese subjects with type-2 diabetes	834	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ARM1: MEDI0382 low dose SC + metformin</li> <li>ARM2: MEDI0382 mid dose SC + metformin</li> <li>ARM3: MEDI0382 high dose SC + metformin</li> <li>ARM4: placebo SC + metformin</li> <li>ARM5: liraglutide SC + metformin</li> <li>US, Canada, Bulgaria, Czech Rep, Germany, Mexico, Russia, Slovakia</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Efficacy: HbA1c, body weight loss</li> <li>Percentage of subjects achieving weight loss of <math>\geq 5\%</math> and <math>\geq 10\%</math></li> <li>Proportion of subjects rescued or discontinued for lack of glycaemic control</li> <li>PK and immunogenicity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT03235375</b>	Adults with renal impairment	37	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ARM1: Subjects with CrCl &lt;20ml/min MEDI082 SC</li> <li>ARM2: Subjects with CrCl 20-30ml/min MEDI0382 SC</li> <li>ARM3: Subjects with CrCl &gt;90ml/min MEDI0382 SC</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PK, safety, tolerability and immunogenicity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2018</li> </ul>



# MEDI0382 (GLP-1-glucagon agonist)

## Diabetes

Approved medicines  
Late-stage development  
Early development - IMED  
Early development - MedImmune

Oncology

CVRM

Respiratory

Other

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I NCT03347968	Healthy adult subjects	22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open label, one sequence, cross-over MEDI0382 with warfarin and esmolol</li> <li>US</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Effect of MEDI0382 on PK &amp; PD of warfarin &amp; esmolol</li> <li>Safety profile</li> <li>Immunogenicity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2018</li> </ul>
Phase I NCT03341013	Healthy adult subjects	24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open label, cross-over, two period</li> <li>Single dose MEDI0382 formulation 2 SC</li> <li>Single dose MEDI0382 formulation 3 SC</li> <li>US</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PK</li> <li>Safety profile</li> <li>Immunogenicity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2017</li> </ul>
Phase I NCT03385369	Overweight/obese subjects of Japanese or Chinese descent	32	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ARM1: Single low dose of MEDI0382 or placebo (Japanese)</li> <li>ARM2: Single intermediate-low dose of MEDI0382 or placebo (Japanese)</li> <li>ARM3: Single intermediate-high dose of MEDI0382 or placebo (Japanese)</li> <li>ARM4: Single high dose of MEDI0382 or placebo (Japanese)</li> <li>ARM5: Single intermediate-low dose of MEDI0382 or placebo</li> <li>US</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety profile</li> <li>Tolerability</li> <li>PK</li> <li>Immunogenicity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2018</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2018</li> </ul>
Phase II NCT03444584	Overweight/obese subjects with type-2 diabetes	46	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ARM1: MEDI0382 + Dapagliflozin</li> <li>ARM2: Placebo + Dapagliflozin</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Efficacy: MMT glucose AUC</li> <li>Safety</li> <li>PK</li> <li>Immunogenicity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: planned Q3 2018</li> </ul>



# MEDI7219

## Diabetes

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I <a href="#">NCT03362593</a>	Healthy Volunteers	106	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4 part study</li> <li>• Part A : SAD</li> <li>• Part B &amp; C : open label, single dose studies</li> <li>• Part D : MAD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety and tolerability</li> <li>• Pharmacokinetics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2018</li> <li>• Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>

Approved medicines  
Late-stage development  
Early development - IMED  
Early development - MedImmune

Oncology

CVRM

Respiratory

Other



# Biologics

## Cardiovascular & metabolic diseases

Approved medicines  
Late-stage development  
Early development - IMED  
Early development - MedImmune

Oncology

CVRM

Respiratory

Other

Trial	Compound	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase IIa <a href="#">NCT02601560</a>	rhLCAT MEDI6012	Adults with stable coronary artery disease (CAD) and low High-density lipoprotein (HDL)	56	• SAD in stable CAD patients	• Safety profile in terms of adverse events (AE), vital signs, ECG, telemetry, lab variables, immunogenicity and physical examination • Changes in baseline adjusted post dose HDL-C	• FPCD: Q4 2015 • LPCD: Q2 2016 • Data readout: Q4 2016
Phase IIa <a href="#">NCT03004638</a>		Adults with Stable Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease (ACD)	32	• MAD in stable ACD patients	• Safety profile in terms of adverse events (AE), vital signs, ECG, lab variables • Changes in baseline adjusted post dose HDL-C, HDL-CE, and CE AUC • PK, immunogenicity, Apolipoprotein A,LDL, and Apolipoprotein B	• FPCD: Q1 2017 • Data readout: Q4 2017
Phase I <a href="#">NCT03001297</a>	MEDI5884 Cholesterol modulation	Healthy Volunteers	64	• SAD SC administration	• Safety profile in terms of adverse events (AE), vital signs, ECG, lab variables • Changes in HDL-C over time	• FPCD Q1 2017 • LPCD Q3 2017 • Data anticipated: H2 2018
Phase IIa <a href="#">NCT03351738</a>		Adults With Stable Coronary Heart Disease (CHD)	120	• MEDI5884 (5 dose cohorts) vs Placebo in stable CHD patients	• Safety profile in terms of adverse events (AE), vital signs, ECG, lab variables • Changes in HDL-C over time • PK, immunogenicity, and Apolipoprotein B	• FPCD Q4 2017 • Data anticipated: H2 2018



# MEDI3506 (IL-33 mAb)

## COPD

Approved medicines  
Late-stage development  
Early development - IMED  
**Early development - MedImmune**

Oncology

CVRM

Respiratory

Other

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I (Combined SAD / MAD) NCT03096795</b>	SAD: Healthy subjects with mild atopy  MAD: COPD	SAD: 56  MAD: 24	<p>SAD:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7 sequential placebo-controlled single dose cohorts (active N=6 / placebo N = 2 within each cohort)</li> <li>Dose levels: 1mg SC, 3 mg SC, 10 mg SC, 30 mg SC, 100 mg SC, 300 mg SC and 300 mg IV</li> </ul> <p>MAD:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3 sequential placebo-controlled multiple dosing cohorts (active N=6 / placebo N = 2 within each cohort)</li> <li>Dose levels: 30 mg SC, 100 mg SC and 300 mg SC</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2017</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2018</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>



# MEDI7836 (IL-13 mAb)

## Asthma

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase I  NCT02388347	Healthy subjects	32	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arm 1: 30mg MEDI7836 (6) or placebo (2) as a single SC dose</li> <li>• Arm 2: 105mg MEDI7836 (6) or placebo (2) as a single SC dose</li> <li>• Arm 3: 300mg MEDI7836 (6) or placebo (2) as a single SC dose</li> <li>• Arm 4: 600mg MEDI7836 (6) or placebo (2) as a single SC dose</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>• LPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>• Data readout: Q1 2016</li> </ul>



# MEDI0700 - AMG 570 (Anti-B7RP-1 mAb/BAFF)

## Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
Phase Ia  NCT02618967  Partnered	Healthy subjects	48	Single Ascending Dose • Arm 1: MEDI0700 administered as single SC dose • Arm 2: Dose levels of Placebo administered as single SC dose	• Safety and tolerability • PK/PD	• FPCD: Q1 2016 • Data anticipated: H2 2018



# MEDI1814 (amyloid beta mAb)

## Alzheimer's disease

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02036645</b>	Alzheimer's disease & healthy elderly	121	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SAD &amp; MAD</li> <li>Up to 10 IV cohorts are planned vs placebo</li> <li>2 SC cohorts are planned vs placebo</li> </ul> US only	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2016</li> </ul>



# MEDI5872 - AMG 557 (B7RP-1 mAb)

## Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase IIa</b> <b>NCT02334306</b> <b>Partnered</b>	Primary Sjögren's syndrome	42	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: MEDI5872 210mg SC QW for 3 weeks and then Q2W for 9 weeks</li> <li>Arm 2: placebo SC QW for 3 weeks and then Q2W for 9 weeks</li> </ul> Global trial – five countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Change in the ESSDAI score from baseline to Day 99</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data anticipated: H2 2018</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT01683695</b> <b>Partnered Completed</b>	SLE and lupus related inflammatory arthritis	20	Dose escalation trial: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arm 1: MEDI5872 SC</li> <li>Arm 2: placebo SC</li> </ul> Global trial – eight countries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> <li>Lupus Arthritis Response Rate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2012</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2016</li> </ul>



# MEDI7352 (NGF TNF bispecific)

## Osteoarthritis pain

Trial	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02508155</b>	Painful osteoarthritis of the knee	160	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SAD &amp; MAD</li> <li>Up to 10 IV cohorts are planned vs placebo</li> <li>2 SC cohorts are planned vs placebo</li> </ul> Europe only	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK, PD</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: Q2 2018</li> </ul>



# Other biologics

## Infections

Approved medicines  
Late-stage development  
Early development - IMED  
Early development - MedImmune

Oncology

CVRM

Respiratory

Other

Trial	Compound	Population	Patients	Design	Endpoints	Status
<b>Phase II</b> <b>EudraCT 2014-001097-34</b>	Anti-Staph AT (MEDI4893)	Intubated ICU	285	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Placebo-controlled, single-dose, dose-ranging</li> <li>Route of administration: intravenous</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Efficacy and safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2014</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase IIb</b> <b>NCT02878330</b>	Anti-Respiratory Syncytial Virus mAb-YTE (MEDI8897)	29-35 WK GA infants	1,453	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial</li> <li>Route of administration: IM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2019</li> </ul>
<b>Phase Ib/Ila</b> <b>NCT02290340</b> <b>Completed</b>		32-35 WK GA infants	89	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, Dose-escalation trial</li> <li>Route of administration: IM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evaluate Safety, tolerability, PK and ADA</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q3 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q3 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase Ia</b> <b>NCT02114268</b> <b>Completed</b>		Healthy adults	136	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, Dose-escalation trial</li> <li>Route of administration: IV and IM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evaluate Safety, tolerability, PK and ADA</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q2 2014</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase Ib/Ila</b> <b>NCT02603952</b> <b>Completed</b>	Anti-influenza A mAb (MEDI8852)	Adults	126	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Randomised, partial double-blind, single dose, active-controlled, dose ranging trial</li> <li>Route of administration: intravenous</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evaluate safety in adults with acute, uncomplicated Influenza</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q4 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data readout: Q4 2016</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02350751</b> <b>Completed</b>		Healthy adults	40	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Double-blind, single-dose, placebo-controlled, dose-escalation trial</li> <li>Route of administration: intravenous</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evaluate the safety and pharmacokinetics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase I</b> <b>NCT02255760</b> <b>Completed</b>	Anti-Pseudomonas A mAb (MEDI3902)	Healthy adults	56	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, dose-escalation trial</li> <li>Route of administration: intravenous</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evaluate the safety, tolerability, and pharmacokinetics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q3 2014</li> <li>LPCD: Q1 2015</li> <li>Data readout: Q2 2015</li> </ul>
<b>Phase II</b> <b>NCT02696902</b>		Intubated ICU	429	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Placebo-controlled, single-dose, dose-ranging</li> <li>Route of administration: intravenous</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Efficacy and safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FPCD: Q2 2016</li> <li>Data anticipated: 2021</li> </ul>



# Clinical trials appendix

## Q1 2018 Results update

AstraZeneca   
What science can do

